Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

VOL. XII. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 4, 1880. NO. 30.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HENRY GREEN,
Of Northampton.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
JOHN A. LEMON,
Of Blair.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE pretended quotation from Justice Swayne, with regard to Garfield's connection with the DeGolyer case is the cheekiest and most barefaced fraud that the Democratic press has yet produced.

SECRETARY SHERMAN will make several speeches in the Ohio campaign during the latter part of this month. No one is better qualified to tell the country why no "change" is needed than the Secretary.

THE glorious Democracy is forging to the front rapidly. Tammany is "harmonizing" the brethren in New York with a shillelah, and the bulldozer is "reconciling" the negroes in the South with a club.

SO MANY alleged "floppers" have published cards announcing that they had never flopped at all, that it becomes a serious question whether anybody "worth noting" has really gone over from the Republican party to Hancock.

O. C. MOORE, editor of the Nashua (N. H.) *Telegraph*, and a forcible speaker, tenders his services to the National Republican Committee for a stumping campaign in Southern representative districts where the party has any chance of winning.

PROFESSOR RILEY, United States Etomologist, has found the cotton worm in most fields along the Alabama Central and Vicksburg and Meridan Railroads, and says eggs are being hatched in sufficient numbers to cause serious injury to cotton in the next two weeks.

EX-JUDGE THOMPSON, of Los Angelos, California, who voted for Tilden in 1876, and at other times with the Democrats, has declared for Garfield. He says California can be carried by the Republicans, and that Senator Blaine would be a host in himself if he would consent to deliver a few speeches there.

DR. TANNER is very plucky, but his stomach indicates a strong disposition to bring his stubborn will to terms. He drinks water and vomits mucous, and is very much troubled with wind on the stomach The latter is not an amazing symptom in the case of a man who has been living on air for a month. He was threatened with hiccough yesterday, and if that sets in he says he will break his fast at once. He ought to be locked up in a room well supplied with delicacies, and left to fight it out alone to the end of the forty days.

THERE has been a complete fusion between the Democrats and Greenbackers of Maine. This is not strange nor unexpected. They fused so well in their attempts to steal that State last fall, that they naturally go together in their effort to turn over the government to the party of fraud and violence. But the Republicans of Maine are numerous enough to beat the combination, and give a handsome majority to Garfield and Arthur. Messrs. Frye, Reed and Lindsey will be re-elected to Congress, and Mr. Murch, Greenbacker, will be defeated. The Legislature will be Republican, and will select a United States Senator in Mr. Hamlin's place, provided he does not consent to run again.

That Little Thing.

The *Centre Democrat*, the exponent of Democratic factionalism in Centre county, or rather the "Nemesis" of the Democratic party, charges the REPUBLICAN with misrepresentation in its editorial last week, entitled, "A Little Thing." The *Democrat* simply says there was no such appointment made. It does not pretend to furnish the record of the appointment, as it was on Tuesday, the 27th ult. We are prepared to assume the responsibility of our article of last week, and rely upon the record as it was in the office of the Prothonotary on Tuesday, the 27th ult. Whether or not his Honor Judge Orvis is fully worthy the censure bestowed last week, we are not wholly prepared to say. If he did not make the appointment, as we are informed he says he did not, then he should not be held responsible for the record of such appointment—and should be exonerated from censure. But some one is responsible. The question is, Who? We have been informed the petition asking the appointment of registration assessors for both precincts in Ferguson township, was presented to his Honor Judge Orvis on the *street* (a rather queer place for holding Court), some time on Tuesday, the 27th ult., and that he declined to make the appointment; that the petition was presented by Chairman Spangler; that on the afternoon of the same day, the same petition was on file in the Prothonotary's office, with a decree endorsed upon it, which read something as follows: "And now, to wit, July 24th, the within petition read, and the Court do appoint G. D. Danly registration assessor for eastern precint, and M. Walker registration assessor for western precinct of Ferguson Twp." The question is, who drew and made the decree?

If the Judge, when applied to on the street by Chairman Spangler to make the appointment, on July 27th, refused the application, how did the petition get on file in the Prothonotary's office, with a decree endorsed thereon making said appointments, dated July 24, 1880? Do politicians and subordinates assume to use the sign manual of the Court to make decrees in the interest of the Democratic party, without authority of law and contrary to law? Will our neighbor the *Democrat* please investigate this matter and explain to its numerous (?) Democratic readers how this happened, and be honest enough to hold up to public condemnation the guilty parties, whoever they may be? If the power of the Court is to be usurped by "Tom, Dick and Harry," for political purposes, and the law disregarded, who knows but what it may be usurped for purposes not political, and whose rights are secure for a moment?

We are informed that the petition has been withdrawn, and the decree making the appointment remains unexecuted. This is owing to the expose made by the REPUBLICAN last week. But that there was a design and a deliberate attempt to sort of smuggle a political appointment of registration assessors for Ferguson township through the Court, contrary to and in violation of law, by some of our leading Democrats, for the purposes and benefit of the Democratic party, is too plain to be overlooked. But this is one of the evidences of reform that this great reform party would inaugurate. The party that prates about civil liberty and its great regard for the majesty of the civil law! Yet its readers are ever ready to disregard any law, and ignore the rights of the citizen and of the community, if by so doing their party interests may be furthered. A party that will attempt to usurp the powers of the Court in one particular for party purposes will do it in another. So look out for Wallace naturalization papers, tissue ballots, and every other species of Democratic fraudulent paraphernalia for carrying elections, as Democrats are desperate this year, and are determined to carry the election if possible, by any means, fair or foul.

Hancock's Letter of Acceptance.

At last the Democratic candidate has written his letter of acceptance. Its chief merit is the fact that it is very brief. Amid the lawns and gardens of Governor's Island, kept in order by a liberal government for the pleasure of himself and brother officers, with soldiers in handsome uniforms to do his bidding, and a band also kept at government expense to help him drive dull care away with the latest opera airs, he has, after so long a time, been able to write a very short letter of acceptance, filled with such stale truisms as these, which no one of course would deny and which have been repeated over and over again by every school boy that has advanced beyond the alphabet of education since the birth of the Republic: "The Constitution forms the basis of the Government of the United States; that neither the general nor the State governments should trench upon the jurisdiction of the other (a truism we have heard, oh, so often!); the powers granted by the Constitution to the legislative, executive and judicial define and limit the authority of the general Government."

He lays down these old, worn out maxims as though they were newly discovered truths. He has no room to say anything about the tariff—a matter that is of vital interest to every working man in the United States. Perhaps he does not know anything about tariff. Having been a soldier all his life, what does he know about what is for the interest of the producing millions of our country?

SECRETARY THOMPSON has the credit of having brought to light General Hancock's letter to Mr. S. T. Glover, of St. Louis, in which he took occasion to resent a report that he did not approve the result of the convention which nominated Mr. Seymour in 1868. When it is remembered that the platform demanded a reversal of all the results of the war, a betrayal of every promise that had been sealed with Union blood, denounced the reconstruction acts as "usurpations and unconstitutional, revolutionary and void," and declared that the Republican party, instoring the Union, had, so far as it was in its power, dissolved it, his endorsement of it is not calculated to win him Republican votes. In his letter he says:

"Those who suppose that I do not acquiesce in the work of the National Democratic Convention, or that I do not sincerely desire the election of its nominees, know very little of my character." Announcing his undiminished faith in the Democratic party, he said: "Were I to hesitate in its candid support, I feel I should not only falsify my own record, but commit a crime against my country. * * * Had I been the Presidential nominee, I should have contributed, not to me, but to the principles which I had proclaimed and practiced. But shall I cease to revere those principles because by mutual political friends another has been appointed to put them into execution? *Never! never! never!*"

BRITISH statesmen are having some trouble with the temperance question. A local option law was recently passed, authorizing a popular vote to decide whether license to sell liquor in certain districts should be granted or not. The present House of Commons has a decided majority in favor of repressive laws; and the London *Times*, until recently opposed to this kind of legislation, now declares that "the demand for legislative change in reference to the liquor traffic has become now so general that we must make up our minds to whatever experiments may be needed to satisfy it." The advocates of temperance, while not in harmony on all points affecting the reform, generally agree on the propriety of giving local option a fair trial.

THE Egyptian obelisk is to find a resting place at last in Central Park, where it will probably remain for many generations.

Bankers in Council.

We have received from James Buell, Esq., secretary of the American Bankers Association, the information that the association has decided to meet at Saratoga on the 11th, 12th and 13th of this month. Each bank is entitled to send one delegate, and it is expected that this meeting will be one of the largest ever held. Over seven thousand invitations have been sent out to bankers at home and abroad, a large number of which will be accepted. The proceedings are to be of unusual interest this year, and will be printed for extensive circulation in Europe as well as the United States. The meetings are to be held in the Town Hall. Among the topics to be presented will be the "History of the Progress and Developments of Western Banking," by Hon. Alexander Mitchell, of Milwaukee, President of the association; "The Silver Question," by G. S. Coe, of New York, and others; "Prosperity of the Country under the Resumption of Specie Payments," "Refunding of the National Debt and Reductions of the Burdens of Annual Interest Payments," "Effects of Bankrupt and Usury Laws," "Changes in Taxation of the Banking Business," etc. Hon. Theodore M. Pomeroy, of Auburn, N. Y., will probably give a sketch of changes in the banking business produced by the facilities of railroads, telegraphs and other improvements during the past twenty-five years, with the development of our commercial and industrial wealth.

Secretary Sherman will make an address on resumption and refunding. Other important subjects will be treated by gentlemen who have made them a special study, and the meetings will no doubt be the most valuable and interesting ever held by the association.

That the popular treatment of such topics by men who profess to know all about them will scatter knowledge and do good is, of course, to be expected. That a representative body of bankers ought to be the accredited and unquestioned financial instructors of the people is not to be denied. That the authority of these financial instructors ever has been questioned is to some extent their own fault. The failure in the past of such a mass of trained ability to keep the nation from panics and depression, and to save the people from mismanagement of the national finances, is due in part to the fact that the talents required to make men successful in practical affairs within a small field are not the talents required for correct and far-seeing generalization in a very large field. The best financiers, the best political economists, the best statesmen in this country, in England, Germany and France, happen not to have been successful bankers and practical men of affairs. Such meetings of the bankers, therefore, while it seems to be designed mainly for the education of outside barbarians, possibly do the bankers themselves some good, by broadening out their views somewhat and by teaching them the difference between comprehensive generalization and the close and routine application of accepted principles.

Democratic Defeat Foreshadowed.

Secretary Sherman is known to be a clear headed and not over sanguine politician. The whirlwind of enthusiasm does not carry him away, or render him incompetent to carefully note the real bent of public opinion or extent of feeling. The Secretary has lately returned to Washington city from an extended northern and western trip, and expresses himself as confident of Garfield's election. He says the North is thoroughly alarmed by the threat of financial disturbance which the Democratic party makes, and he is convinced that the present condition of the public temper make Hancock's election impossible. This fact impresses itself upon all who travel among the people. The Democrats are all calling for change, when the people all know the change to be got by placing them in power is from prosperity to disaster.

Admit for a moment that Hancock is seated, let us know now what to expect in the way of "change." The Democratic party having full power will immediately commence a series of experiments with the new sound and safe currency. A bitter crusade against our present safe and convenient National banking system will be inaugurated. Dark suspicion of repudiation of National debt and interest will contaminate the White House and the halls of Congress. The Bureau of National taxation will be shifted from whisky and tobacco, at the demand of the once more supreme South, and placed upon articles of necessity manufactured in the North.

The safe protective system, under which new American industries are growing to prosperity, will be broken down, and competition from abroad will so reduce the value of northern labor as to place it below that of the colored farm hands in the South. The operations of the Government will be placed entirely under the control of men totally ignorant of its proper management. These are the conditions founded upon twenty years of Democratic record. The only question is, Do the people want prosperity, or do they want adversity?

The Democratic party declares that "right to the free ballot is the right preservation of all rights," and declares that it must and shall be maintained in all parts of the United States. This "plank," which, by the way, is a Republican principle adopted immediately after the war, in securing the freedmen their newly acquired liberties, is only meant to catch the Northern eye. A prominent Southern paper says: "White men who dare avow themselves as Republicans should be promptly branded as the bitter and malignant enemies of the South. * * * As for the negroes, let them amuse themselves if they will by voting the Radical ticket. We have the count. We have a thousand good and true men whose brave ballots will be found equa. to those of five thousand vile Radicals." And yet the platform declares that "the right preservation shall be maintained."

But the avowal is nevertheless an honest one. The infamy is bad enough in all conscience, but men so hardened as to be proud of it, are almost beyond decent conception, and should Gen. Hancock be elected it will be by the success of the methods stated above.

The Principles of the Parties.

Hon. Lewis W. Hall, the well-known State lawyer, whose Republicanism has not been very stalwart for several years past, was recently asked to address the Republicans of Bedford county. Mr. Hall sent the following letter in reply, which is one of the most vigorous expositions of the issues of the campaign that has yet been written:

ARANDALE HOUSE,
Friday evening, July 9, 1880.

Hon. J. H. Longenecker and Major J. D. Mullin:

I regret that I cannot accept your kind invitation to speak at the Republican meeting to-morrow evening at Bedford, as I expect to leave with my family to-morrow.

I feel a great interest in the ensuing election. The issues and principles involved are vital and concern the best interests of the country. It is a time for sober reflection. The candidates nominated by the two leading parties are men of ability, wisdom and integrity, and if nothing was involved but personal character the voter could make no mistake, but the principles of the two organizations—the records of the two parties—must be carefully considered. The result of the campaign will not be determined by violent harangues to excited crowds, but by calm and thoughtful consideration. It is fortunate that the situation of the country enables us to do this. The widespread influence of the press, the general diffusion of knowledge—popular education prevailing in the whole land—makes each elector quite competent to decide how he shall cast his ballot.

The party that declared in a National Convention sixteen years ago that the then war was a failure and must be immediately stopped, and that the Federal Administration deserved to be forever execrated for "subverting the civil military law in States not in insurrection," but where the citizens openly aided the rebels, must not now be adjudged worthy of confidence and power, unless sure that they did not mean what they said. The party which opposed the war while it was going on and insisted that it must be stopped at any and every sacrifice of principle and honor, even though by doing it the nation would be disrupted and the government overthrown; which hampered soldiers in the field in every possible way; which lost no opportunity to assail the government credit or prevent the reinforcement of the army, must not succeed at the polls within a decade and a half after the successful termination of the war, simply because they nominated, for President one who did his duty during the trying time.

We must look behind the candidates to the principles they represent. The Cincinnati platform will not bear discussion or criticism. It does not tally with the history of the past. Its framers well knew that while they declared for the strict maintenance of the public faith, "State and National," there is not one single Democratic State of the South in which repudiation has not taken place as to the whole or part of the State debt. The resolution as to the tariff is at war with our prosperity. The Republican party is in favor of a *protective* tariff, not one for *revenue* only. The latter means free trade and a premium to foreign manufacturers. General Garfield voted in favor of every Republican tariff bill which passed Congress during the last sixteen years, and no better speeches are to be found anywhere in favor of a protective tariff than those made by him in Congress and to be found in the Congressional debates in the years 1866, 1870 and 1878. He represented the heaviest iron district in Ohio, and his record was entirely satisfactory to his constituents.

If the Republican party is not entitled to credit for its management of the finances I would not know how a party could make a record that would entitle it to confidence.

During the present financial year the reduction of the public debt has been over seventy-six millions of dollars, and the annual interest charge has been reduced since our present excellent President entered upon his duties sixteen millions of dollars, and since August 31, 1865, when the nation's debt was at its maximum, the annual interest charge has been reduced over seventy-one millions of dollars, nearly one-half. If this record does not prove both Republican wisdom and fidelity in the management of the financial affairs of the government, how could it be proved? A party with such a record will not fail to receive support from the electors.

Our candidates are worthy of our cause. For breadth of intellect, experience in statesmanship, scholarly attainments and character of the highest order, Gen. Garfield stands second to no man of the Republic. Starting from the humblest walks of life, he is the architect of his own name and fame and place. He is a self-made man in the best sense of that phrase. Sound on all the great questions of the day, he is well worthy of the respect and esteem of every citizen. No stronger candidate could have been placed in nomination, and I have no doubt I will be able to congratulate you on his triumphant election in November.

Very respectfully yours,
L. W. HALL.

IT doesn't make any difference how many lies the Democratic party invent or how many barrels are tapped in this campaign, James A. Garfield will be the next President of the United States.

Popular Science Notes.

An important discovery of an exceedingly rich bank of corals has just been made some twelve miles north of Sciacca, on the coast of Sicily.

A rich gold mine was recently discovered near Sydney, New South Wales. A large and valuable diamond was also found in one of the mines in that region.

A gentleman in Paris has invented a telephone which he calls an electrophone, and which works with an induction coil. The induction current is sent from a long distance, and the hearing is said to be very satisfactory.

Workers in iron at Titusville, Pa., have learned by experience that a barrel of petroleum will generate heat sufficient for making a ton of iron, while it would require a ton and a quarter of coal to produce the same result.

Poetry.

[Original.]

Rum Pictures.

BY G. S. BECK.

Why is it yon woman—once the belle of the town—
Looks so ghastly and pale? Why her eyes so cast down?
Why is she in rags who once dressed so fine?
What the cause of her downfall? The answer is, WINE

Yon child in the gutter all covered with rags
Is a sample of the depths to which rum always drags.
Her father, once healthy, now sickly and pale,
Made his start toward the depths on one glass of ALE.

Look with me in yon room—so cold—and no fire;
You see a man sitting who once did aspire
To things noble and grand—one more noble saul
Almost dragged down to hell by the use of the bowl.

You see in yon attic, 'neath the hot, burning sun,
A suffering wife waiting the summons to come
To that world up on high where she's placed her all.
Her husband's a convict. Strong drink did it all.

You see you woman begging for bread on the street,
And the sweet child beside her in bleeding bare feet?
We have seen her before—a happy young bride.
Her husband loves drink—cares for naught else beside.

Just look on yon mother with brain almost turned;
She can tell you what sorrow her poor heart has burned.
Her son, whom she loved—how much, who can tell?—
Through the monster, strong drink, fills a murderer's cell.

If we visit our prisons, asylums and jails,
We see the result of wines, whiskies and ales.
We find them all filled with men hardened in sin,
And they all trace their downfall to whiskey and gin.

Whiskey makers and sellers, make on and sell;
With the men you have ruined you will have company in hell.

Our Story Teller.

A PRETTY GAME.

On the porch of Mr. Everson's fine residence in M——, on a beautiful evening about sunset, stood Julia Everson, a beautiful young lady, with deep blue, lustrous eyes, and Francis Rowley, a tall, handsome young man, his face glowing with health and his deportment that of a perfect gentleman.

'Your father,' said Francis, addressing Julia, 'is as determined as ever, I suppose, about this affair of—of the marriage?' His look was averted from her while he pronounced the words.

'Determined!' Julia Everson exclaimed; 'why papa is so bent upon my becoming Mrs. Upjohn that he would die of rage, I think, were my resolution known to him——'

'And that resolution is, Julia——'

'To give Mr. Upjohn plainly to understand that the times we live in are not those which tolerate the affiancing of two children in their cradles, merely because their parents happen to be friends. Besides this George Upjohn has the manners of a regular clod, and has passed his whole life in some obscure place out West. Do you believe in proverbs, Francis?'

'Why do you ask?'

'Because I do.' Julia Everson's face wore a look of very firm determination as she spoke.

'To what particular proverb do you have reference just now?' Francis asked.

'To the one which says, "Where there's a will there's a way." I think that you and I may test its truth, if we are so inclined. Of course, I will not elope with you, Francis. I don't consider elopements respectable. I shall never marry you if I have to do it—there!' She seemed curious enough to hold her resolution.

'You mean then, Julia, by coming the mightily eloquent over your father?' Francis said.

'And get pooh-poohed for our pains,' she replied, with a slight laugh. 'No, I mean something else. Papa is still asleep, and likely to remain so for an hour. Let us have a stroll through the garden, and I will disburden myself of a weighty secret.'

'Is Mr. Everson at home?'

George Upjohn was the enquirer, and he was shown into a small sitting room on the ground floor of the house. Presently the door opened, and Julia Everson entered the room.

'Mr. John Everson,' said she, 'has been unwell for several days, sir, and he has lately fallen asleep; his daughter, Miss Julia, does not consider it advisable to awake him. But she will be happy to see Mr. Upjohn herself, provided he wishes it.'

'Of course, of course, by all means, certainly,' stammered Upjohn, to whom the immediate prospect of beholding his fiancee was thoroughly overwhelming. 'Be good enough, won't you tell her so.'

Soon afterward a tall young lady (who struck him, the more he looked upon her, as an unnaturally and disagreeably tall woman) attired in short, ill-fitting dress and wearing, upon a countenance full of 'broad-blown comliness, red and white,' about the most thorough from ear to-ear sort of smile that Upjohn ever remembered having seen, entered the room.

'How d'ye do?' said the gigantic virgin, accompanying her salutation with a boisterous laugh. 'You're Mr. Upjohn, of course? Well, I don't like your looks a bit. How do you like mine?'

'I—I—think there must be some mistake,' he answered in amazement. 'I understood Miss Julia Everson was to——'

'Well, I am Julia Everson.'

'Impossible!'

'Perhaps you mean that I disappoint you,' she cried out in a loud, coarse tone. 'I dare say you're a good enough kind of a fellow, but then you're decidedly not the fellow for me. Saw that the instant I clapped eyes on you. I'm the sort of a girl that likes plucky, sporting men with lots of 'go' in them, and a generail air of being 'up to snuff.' You're not that sort of a chap.'

'No!' exclaimed Upjohn, with a pale, embarrassed countenance, 'no, Miss Julia, I am not the type of manhood you admire. Is—is your father in? Can I see him for a few moments.'

'Our girl told you he was asleep, didn't she?' was her indifferent answer. 'Besides, you have come to stay several days, and have brought your portmanteau; any time will do, I suppose, at which to hold your confab with pa.'

Upjohn, stiffening visibly in manner, replied—

'Since I cannot see your father it is better that I should at once take my departure.'

'And why so, Georgy?'

Georgy! Could he believe his own ears? Was this vixenish, overgrown female the Julia Everson whom he had worshiped in dreams as his future wife? He would rather die than become the husband of so hideously ogreish a creature.

'I have no reason to give for leaving so abruptly,' he said in a sharp, cold tone.

Julia made some odd sound between a giggle and a chuckle, and as he was about to retire she said—

'Oh, you don't like fun, d'ye? Have a cigar, won't you?'

'Heavens!' exclaimed the bewildered Upjohn, stumbling backward in astonishment, 'you can't possibly mean that you smoke?'

'Certainly I do,' was the reply. Miss Everson biting the end of a very nice looking Figaro as she spoke.

Mr. Upjohn walked deliberately forward and took his portmanteau, and having bowed was about quitting the premises when Julia exclaimed—

'I hope I haven't offended you. Pa will be frightfully mad when he hears that you have gone in this style. He will be sure to blame me too. I wish you would leave him a little note, explaining that you go of your own free will, as it were.'

'I shall be very willing, Miss Everson, to leave a note for your father. What is it you desire me to write?' taking a card case and pencil from one of his pockets.

'Only that you don't think we suit each other well enough to get married. Please don't say anything about smoking, because pa don't know I smoke, and——'

Upjohn delayed no longer, but wrote the following on a card, and handed it to Miss Everson as a message to her father:

'SIR—I desire to have the agreement broken concerning my future marriage with your daughter. I held an interview with her, and I confess to being wholly unwilling that such a lady shall become my wife. 'GEORGE UPJOHN.'

'That's precisely it!' boisterously exclaimed Miss Everson, seizing the cigar. 'Old fellow you've got a handsome streak in you if we don't like each other.' Upjohn rushed from the apartment, and shortly afterward the hall door closed upon his retreating figure.

'Francis, you have certainly been making the most utterly revolting creature of yourself that it is possible to conceive of. I have been listening in the dining-room yonder to every word you said.' And the real Julia Everson surveyed her disguised lover with laughing eyes.

'There is my chief trophy,' exclaimed Rowley, waving above his head the card which contained Upjohn's message to her father.

Upjohn put in no further appearance. Mr. Everson was deeply indignant on reading his card, and ultimately consented to Julia's marriage with Francis Rowley, the man of her choice. So much for the clever disenchantment and the verification of Julia's favorite maxim—"Where there's a will, there's a way."

A Doomed City.

The town of Covington, Iowa, is literally a doomed city. Situated on the bend of the Missouri river, the banks are being gradually eaten away, and the ground on which the court house stood a year ago is now covered by many feet of fast flowing water. The cutting away is being done by fits and starts. A week ago the current set in shore and took off a strip of land thirty feet wide in a few hours. No invasions were made for another week, when another slice was cut off. Then about a half dozen buildings were moved back some thirty feet, and the next day the land on which they had stood was all gone. The citizens have tried to moor trees and logs to the bank in the hope of forming a barrier for the flood, but the current is so swift, and the water so deep, that these attempts have failed. To give an idea of what the town of Covington has suffered in the past five years, the case of the ferry house and principal hotel may be instanced. Two years ago there were 660 feet of ground between the building and the river bank; now you can toss a stone out of the hotel window into the river; and buildings are now being put on rollers for removal.

Miss Anna Arthur, sister of the Republican candidate for Vice President, is a school teacher at La Sueur, Minnesota.

Old Jim Bridger.

One of the most noted characters on the border twenty years age was old Jim Bridger, of Fort Bridger, in Utah. On one occasion he came to New York. He did not like the narrow down-town streets with high buildings on each side, and complained that he had once lost his way in "Dev Street Canon," and been rescued with difficulty by the police. He liked the theatres, and expressed the utmost delight at a performance of the "Midsummer Night's Dream." He had no clear idea who Shakespeare was, but conceived and developed the most extravagant admiration for him.

Returning to the fort, he sold stock and supplies to emigrants and other travelers as in time past. One day a man wished to buy some oxen, and Jim said he could have any except one yoke, which he had made up his mind to keep at all hazards. In the morning a messenger came to say that the man wanted this yoke, and none other.

"He can't have 'em," said Jim, there's no use talkin'."

"Well, he wants them, and is just a-waitin' for them," said the messenger. "He's a settin' ther', readin' a book called Shakespear'."

"Eh?" yelled Jim jumping up to his feet. "Did you say Shakespeare? Here', ——you, give me my boots!"

He ran to the corral.

"Stranger," said he, "jest give me that book, and take them oxen."

"Oh, no," said the man, "I only bought the book to read on the way. I won't give it to you."

"Stranger," said Jim resolutely, "jest you take them oxen, and give me that book." And the man did.

Jim hired a reader at fifty dollars per month, and listened to Shakespeare every evening. All went well, until one night, as the reader came to a proposed murder of the princess in the Tower, Jim sprang from his seat, with blazing eyes, and yelled in thunder-tones, "Hold on there! jest wait till I git my rifle, and I'll shoot the —— scoundrel!"

As one of his old "pards" justly remarked, a sincerer compliment was never paid to Shakespeare.

Footprints on the Desert.

On the prospecting trip to the northeast of San Bernardino, about one hundred miles, from which Parney Carter and J. C. Reed, have just returned, they discovered the spot where George J. Lee, well known in San Bernardina as a veteran prospecter met a sudden and violent death at the hands of a party of Chimehueza Indians. Mr. Lee left San Bernardino last summer to explore this unknown country, and months elapsing without his return, his friends apprehended that some calamity had befallen him and search was made for him. A peculiarity of the soil there retains any imprint on its surface for ages (the wagon-wheel tracks of a government surveying expedition in 1854 can be seen there to-day) and the old man's tracks were discovered and traced for days, but nothing definite was found. On their last trip, McIntosh and Carter followed his footprints and came to the spot where he was killed. Some bloody clothing lay on the ground, and an examination showed that Mr. Lee had been walking leisurely along when a party of Indians in ambush behind some bushes fired upon him; he reeled and sank, digging his elbows into the soft earth (and may that impression remain till the judgment day as an evidence against his cowardly murderers). The Indians then revealed themselves, and placing his body on a horse carried it off into the mountains. Single prospectors are in peril of their lives in traversing this region, both from roving bands of Indians and the danger of being lost and dying from starvation and thirst.—[San Bernardino (Cal.) Times.

Called His Sister Names.

On one of the hottest corners of Woodward avenue, Detroit, at high noon, a small boy with a bootblack's kit sat under the full blaze of the sun pouring down for all it was worth. The boy perspired, roasted, blistered and almost melted, but he had stuck there for half an hour when a lady passing by halted and said:

"Little boy, aren't you afraid of being sunstruck?"

"Yes, ma'an," was the prompt reply.

"Then why don't you get into the shade?"

"I can't."

"Did any one tell you to wait here?"

"No, ma'am, but I'm doing it on my own hook. It's awful hot and I'm most dead, but I've got to stand it."

She looked to see if he was tied, and was about to go and regard him as the son of a brutal father in a saloon around the corner, when the lad explained:

"There he is now! That boy is the chap I was waiting for, and I had to sit out here to see him when he turned the corner. He's the feller that called my sister a poke-eyed rabbit, and I'm going to jump in on him and lick him most to death! I wish you'd hold my box so I can get the bulge on him before he suspects anything."—*Free Press.*

Local Small Talk.

—Our merchants are preparing for fall trade.

—Lock Haven lumbermen are longing for a flood.

—Don't fret about the fly crop. The season isn't half over.

—Wayne Station camp-meeting commences August 17th.

—The grape crop, too, looks promising all over the county.

—Tyrone would like a curb-stone market, and ought to have one.

—Lycoming county is coming to the front as a tobacco growing county.

—Mr. W. R. Teller, of the Brockerhoff House, is again able to be about.

—There are a very large number of strangers sojourning in town at present.

—August promises to be a lively month in Bellefonte for campaign blow-outs.

—Several parties from town, we hear, will leave this week for a visit to Ocean Grove.

—Since the affairs of the Reading went into the hands of receivers, 1,000 men have been discharged.

—Mr. Venner, how about that frost for the 26th? We don't like to see you injure your reputation in this way.

—Polished boots do not prove the wearer to be a polished gentleman. A man is not always known by the boots he wears.

—What camp-meeting are you going to attend? is now asked on all sides. We have an idea that we shall camp at home.

—Quite a number of black bass have been caught in this vicinity within the past few days. They are reported plenty.

—There seems to be quite a rivalry in town between the soda water and ice cream men. This week the former are gushing things.

—A mother with two boys must be fleshy; urchin is double.—*Derrick.*

It is said that the chances of the *Derrick* man's recovery are slim.

—Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer has begun the erection of a dwelling house on his vacant lot in Spring township, near the residence of H. A. McKee, Esq.

—Several of the "bloated bondholders" of Linn street, with their wives and company, explored the winding passages of Penn Valley cave Thursday.

—Merchants are complaining of a dull spell just now. A liberal application of printers' ink is all that is needed to fill their stores with customers again.

—Altoona has a Garfield and Arthur club organized in every ward in the city. The Republicans up there evidently intend to give a good account of themselves this fall.

—Miss Reynolds, of Atglen, Chester county, and Miss Hannum, of Concord, Delaware county, are sojourning in town for a few weeks, the guests of Mrs. Harry K. Hicks.

—We have heard, during the past week, of several families that would remove to Bellefonte to reside provided they could procure suitable houses. Here is a hint to capitalist.

—An Episcopal or Catholic church choir has more chants to learn to sing than any other.—[L. H. Republican. This pun is simply hymn-ense. When did you in-choir into the matter.

—Smoking cigarettes gave a Blossburg man the delirium tremens. There are several inveterate cigarette smokers in town who might profit by committing this paragraph to memory.

—An exchange contains the following in regard to coloring roses: "Roses can be colored by putting the stems in ink and the roses will partake of their colors as perfectly as if nature did it."

—J. B. Kinsley, of the Singer sewing machine agency, now drives down the avenue with a dark sorrel, a new purchase. John says she has made her 3:30—but he probably means $3.30 a week.

—The colored Republicans in town have organized a Garfield and Arthur club, numbering about thirty members, and have gone to work nobly for the nominees of the party that has always befriended them.

—John Delige, a colored resident of this place, was arrested Wednesday on the charge of gambling, preferred against him by a colored youth named Miller, who claims to have been "euchred" out of a sum of money by Delige.

—We acknowledge the receipt of a copy, in neat, pamphlet form, of the argument of Alexander K. McClure before the Supreme Court in the matter of the rules disbarring Andrew J. Steinman and William U. Hensel, attorneys.

—In Harrisburg, on Tuesday afternoon, a workman who was engaged in hoisting stone was terribly mangled by a derrick falling on him. Several of his ribs were broken and crushed into his lungs. He will probably die from his injuries.

—We had a pleasant call Wednesday morning from Mr. Geo. Beck, one of Boalsburg's representative young men. Mr. Beck is of a literary turn of mind, and is now entertaining the Boalsburg people with a course of free lectures, which, we are informed, are highly appreciated.

—Mr. Jos. Eckley, of Spring township, will please accept our thanks for a large basket of delicious fruit, the finest looking we have seen this season. Mr. Eckley has one of the finest orchards—apples, pear and peach—in the county, and persons desiring to be supplied cannot do better than to send their orders to him.

—The Troy *Times* says that flies can be effectually disposed of without the use of poison. Take half a teaspoonful of black pepper in powder, one teaspoonful of brown sugar and one teaspoonful of cream. Mix them well together and place them in a room on a plate where the flies are troublesome and the pests will very soon disappear.

—Altoona evidently has a class of citizens who are of the opinion that the whole town was intended for a graveyard. Dead infants, human legs and arms, and such ghastly things, are frequently discovered buried in ash heaps and cellars in different parts of the city. Such parties ought to be hunted up and informed of the fact that there is a place provided for the storing of such "furniture."

—The genial physiognomy of Dr. Charles H. Boyer, of Huntingdon, graced our office for a few moments Wednesday afternoon. The Doctor is attending the meetings of the Dental Association, and is a pleasant, whole-souled fellow, whose intelligence and rare versatility make him popular wherever he goes. However, he failed to explain the mysteries of his Tyrone "adventure." Our latch-string is always out, Doctor.

A Colored Garfield Club.

The colored voters met on the 26th instant and organized a Garfield and Arthur campaign club. The meeting was organized by electing Mr. A. V. Jackson chairman, and Chas. Garner secretary. Mr. Jackson was called on to make the opening address. His remarks were full of instruction and showed that he meant Republicanism all the way through.

After Mr. Jackson's speech, Mr. G. G. Skinner offered the following:

WHEREAS, The Democratic party has always been our great political foe, and feeling that the time has not yet arrived for the colored people to experiment by attaching themselves to any other than the Republican party; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we stand firm as Republicans, and pledge our hearty support to the Republican Nominee for President and Vice President of the United States, General James A. Garfield and Chester A. Arthur.

Mr. Skinner was then called on to address the meeting, which he did in a very strong speech in favor of the Republican nominees and Republican principles.

Charles Garner followed with a few remarks, after which Mr. Skinner was elected a delegate to the Pennsylvania State Equal Rights League.

Mr. William Mills made a cheering address, with a strong appeal to the colored people to stand firm by the Republican party—the friend that stood by them in the dark days of slavery.

CHAS. GARNER, Secretary.

Taking their Summer Trip.

On Saturday evening, says the Altoona *Tribune*, the company yard police captured two small boys, and had them locked up for trespassing. They were aged but 9 and 14 respectively, and were bright little fellows. Will Fitzgerald and and Joseph Whitaker were the names they gave. The boys said they were Philadelphia newsboys, and were only taking a summer trip. The Mayor telegraphed the Chief of Police that he had the boys, and yesterday received an answer that their parents would be notified.

Commissions Received.

Colonel Burchfield, of the Fifth Regiment, has received the commissions for the following officers from the Fourth Brigade headquarters: For Captain, Amos Mullen; First Lieutenant, George L. Potter; Second Lieutenant, Harry S. Hale, all of Co. B, Bellefonte; Captain, John L. Piper, Co. D, Altoona; Second Lieutenant, Edwin T. Carswell, Co. H, Johnstown.

Minus Eyeballs.

A male child was born in Warriorsmark, Huntingdon county, some time ago, without eyeballs. Of course the child is entirely blind, but, according to a Huntingdon paper, is happy and cheerful and beautiful to look upon. In every other respect it is physically perfect and looks like a child asleep, its eye-lids being closed.

Garfield and Arthur Rally at Milesburg.

Thursday evening the Republicans turned out in force for the purpose of organizing a Garfield and Arthur Club for Milesburg and Boggs township.

There was a large delegation from Spring township, headed by the Pleasant Gap Band, arrived in Bellefonte about half past six o'clock, where it joined the Bellefonte delegation which was in waiting. The Spring township delegation had a large banner with the mottoes, "Protective Tariff for Labor," "From the Tow Path to the Presidency," and others upon it, and also a large flag.

The delegations then formed in procession on Spring street and took up the line of march for Milesburg with banners flying and music playing by the Mountain City Band of Bellefonte, and the Pleasant Gap Band.

At Linn and McCoy's Works there was a large delegation of men drawn up in two ranks, commanded by Lyman T. Eddy, awaiting the arrival of the procession. When the procession arrived, the Mountain City Band was dismounted from the band wagon and took the head of the procession, followed immediately by the delegation from Linn & McCoy's Works. The procession then moved forward and arrived at the old ware house in Milesburg, which had been fitted up with seats for the purpose of the meeting. Fully five hundred people crowded into and around the ware house, when Chairman Rankin called the meeting to order and stated its purpose. Capt. Austin Curtin was chosen president of the meeting, Morrison Levi, Secretary, and several vice presidents. The meeting was ably addressed by Dr. Letch, of Philadelphia, D. H. Hastings and Hon. A. O. Furst. When this was written there were over a hundred names enrolled, twenty of whom had been greenbackers, and persons were still signing. The meeting was enthusiastic and a grand success, and augurs good work and good results for Garfield and Arthur in Milesburg and Boggs this year.

Port Matilda.

Your correspondent interviewed a young man at Tyrone on Saturday evening who had in charge the corpse of his brother, who had been cut in two by the cars at Mount Union the evening previous. The name of the man killed was Henry Lewis, a single man, aged 33 years. His parents lived at Houtzdale, whence he was taken for interment.

The M. E. Sabbath School of this place has been successful in securing an organ, which we hope will add to the music of the school hugely.

Some ill-disposed parties have circulated the report that Mr. John Q. Miles charged fifty cents for dinner on the day of the pic-nic in his grove, when the truth is that Mr. M. charged no one for the good dinner that was spread—even to strangers and passing acquaintances.

We are told a little squabble occurred between a woman and her daughter in this vicinity, in which the daughter came out victorious and the mother left home.

Some man who was perhaps out of bread broke into the mill here a few nights ago and extracted a sack of flour.

We think the proper authorities should stop a few of the tramps who are strolling over the country, as there are too many to have good health.

MARRIED.—Mr. Samuel Steel and a Miss Morrissy were married at Mr. Woods's, on Sunday evening, by J. G. Jones, Esq. A. R. C.

Tribute of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Great Master, in His allwise providence, to enter our grange and take from our midst by death our beloved sister, Julia Spicher, a devoted member of our order; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of Sister Spicher, Progress Grange has lost a devoted and worthy member, her husband a kind and affectionate wife, the family a faithful and devoted mother, and the church an earnest and consistent Christian; while we mourn the loss of her kind greetings and pleasant association, yet in humble submission we bow to His divine will, who has thought it better to call her up higher to a more perfect enjoyment of His goodness.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved husband and family, and recommend them to God, who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be recorded in the minutes of Progress Grange No. 96, and published in the several county papers, and a copy be presented to the husband and family of the deceased.

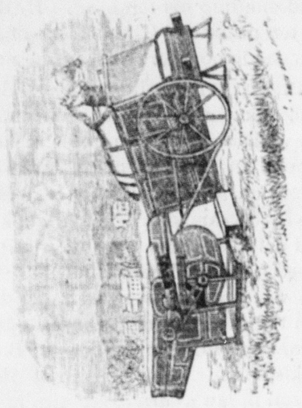
KATE CONLEY,
MARY A. NEFF,
LEONARD RHONE,
Committee.

New Advertisements.

300 GOOD, RESPONSIBLE FARMERS and Threshers wanted to buy first class articles of

Threshers and Separators

For 4 and 6-horse lever power.



Also, 2-horse Tread Powers with Separators, 1 and 2-horse Tread Powers, with Shaker Machines. Please address

J. M. HULSHIZER,
Light Street, Columbia county, Pa.
☞ Send for price list. All work warranted.

JAMES ZIMMERMAN, Agent,
25-3m Milesburg, Centre county, Pa.

A LECTURE
To Young Men.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author "Green Book," &c.

This world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York; P. O. Box, 4586.
12-13-1y

NEW ENTERPRISE.

ALEXANDER & CO.,

Agricultural Implement

AND

SEED STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

They mean by this all the name imports, that is, to deal in and to furnish to farmers at the lowest possible price everything in the shape of an agricultural implement that farmers use, including *SEEDS* of all kinds.

At present we have on hand and are the authorized agents for the sale of the *SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW*, made at Syracuse, N. Y. It is the best chilled plow now made; also the Keystone and iron beam plows, made at Centre Hall. No better plows than these can be had for the same amount of money. Also the Centre Hall Cornplanter. We need say nothing about the merits of this planter, as the 2000 now in use in Centre county demonstrates them to be the best.

HARROWS and CULTIVATORS of the latest improved patterns.

MOWERS, REAPERS and GRAIN BINDERS.—Of these we sell the Osborne, either as separate mowers, combined reapers and mowers, single harvesters, or as combined reapers and binders.

THE WHEELER, No. 6, as a combined machine, is the best machine of the kind in the market.

The greatest improvement of the age is the *NORRISTOWN GLEANER AND BINDER.* Call and see it. It is wonderfully perfect.

Any boy twelve years old, with one horse, will follow and bind all the grain that any reaper with side delivery will cut. It not only binds but gleans, and will save the price of the machine in one year by taking up from the stubble that which is now lost.

The McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL either with or without broadcast hoes, with or without fertilizer and seed sowing attachments. It is the best grain drill for all purposes in the market.

The GEISER THRESHER AND SEPARATOR.—The reputation of this machine is so well established that we can say nothing about it that the people do not know. Any person wanting one, or in need of repairs for those now in the county, please call.

HEEBNER'S PATENT LEVEL TREAD HORSE POWER, for one and two horses, with Patent Speed Regulator. Little Giant Thresher and Cleaner.

THE VICTOR CLOVER HULLER—Sole Agents for Centre county.

Wagons, Carriages, Buggies and Phaetons.—We are agents for the sale of the celebrated *CONKLIN WAGON*, the reputation of which is so well established; also of the *CORTLAND PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS*, Carriages, Phaetons and Buggies. All are warranted. Call and see specimens and examine catalogues as to styles and prices before buying elsewhere. Catalogues furnished on application.

PLASTER and FERTILIZERS. — Cayuga Plaster, finely ground, as good as the best Nova Scotia, at the low price of $7.00 per ton. Peruvian Guano sold on orders only. Phosphates always on hand. Special manures for different crops sold upon orders at manufacturers' prices.

POWDER.—We are Dupont's agents. Blasting, Sporting and Rifle Powder on hand and sold at wholesale prices; also fuse.

GRAIN.—After the growing crop is harvested we will be prepared to pay the highest market price for all kinds of grain.

COAL.—Our yard is always stocked with the best Anthracite Coal which we sell at lowest price.

LIME.—We make the best white lime in the State. Its properties for mechanical and agricultural purposes excel all others.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.—We are their agents for Centre county and will supply all parties wishing good and true scales at their lowest prices.

We extend an invitation to everybody in want of anything in our line to call at our store rooms, opposite the Bush House, and see what we have, and learn from those in attendance more particularly the scope of our business.

ALEXANDER & CO.
Bellefonte, Pa., May 6, 1880. 12-10-tf

Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic,

Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be. Price, 75 cents. Sold by druggists. 20-1y

---

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 12-27-6m

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 29 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 55
Flemington	5 29	4 00
Mill Hall	5 34	4 03
Beech Creek	5 50	4 15
Eagleville	5 55	4 20
Howard	6 09	4 31
Mount Eagle	6 18	4 40
Curtin	6 25	4 45
Milesburg	6 36	4 55
Bellefonte	6 46	5 05
Milesburg	6 56	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 18
Unionville	7 09	5 27
Julian	7 18	5 38
Martha	7 27	5 47
Port Matilda	7 35	5 55
Hannah	7 42	6 03
Fowler	7 48	6 09
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 17
Vail	7 59	6 21
East Tyrone	8 03	6 25
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	6 32
EASTWARD.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 20
East Tyrone	7 15	8 27
Vail	7 19	8 31
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 37
Hannah	7 36	8 49
Port Matilda	7 44	3 56
Martha	7 52	9 7
Julian	8 01	9 16
Unionville	8 11	9 28
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 40
Milesburg	8 24	9 43
Bellefonte	8 32	9 51
Milesburg	8 45	10 3
Curtin	8 55	10 14
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 19
Howard	9 08	10 29
Eagleville	9 18	10 42
Beech Creek	9 22	10 47
Mill Hall	9 34	11 00
Flemington	9 37	11 4
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 8

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 30, 1880:

WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" " Williamsport	8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore	9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" " Renovo	11 00 a m
" arr at Erie	7 55 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg	12 20 a m
" arr. at Williamsport	3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven	4 29 p m
" " Renovo	5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" " Williamsport	7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven	8 40 p m
EASTWARD.	
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven	6 45 a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 15 a m
" " Williamsport	7 55 a m
arr at Harrisburg	11 40 a m
" Philadelphia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo	9 50 a m
" " Lock Haven	11 10 a m
" " Williamsport	12 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia	6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo	8 40 p m
" " Lock Haven	9 50 p m
" " Williamsport	11 10 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 50 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 3.45 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.57 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

"Throw Physic to the Dogs."

DR. HALL'S
ELECTRIC BELTS.

For the cure of all nervous diseases without the least derangement of the patient's habits or daily occupation. This appliance exerts powerful and beneficial influence throughout the whole frame: **is applicable to either sex,** and affords *instantaneous* relief in the following diseases:

Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Dyspepsia,
Lumbago,
General Debility,
Headaches,
Dizziness,
Impotency,
Spermatorrhœa,
Sexual Exhaustion,
Self Abuse,
Premature Decay, &c.

These belts are the result of the profound research and experiment in Electro-Therapeutics, and by their peculiar construction, a *continuous* "galvanic current" is generated, which permeates the whole frame, and especially envelops the suffering parts with its gentle influence. This current assimilates closer to the *nervous fluid* than anything known to medical science—hence its potency as a curative agent.

Most especially is the application of electricity in this form beneficial to those disorders arising from youthful indiscretion, sexual excess, or dissipations of any kind, whereby the procreative powers are lessened and *Impotency* threatened. No false delicacy or sense of shame should prevent the sufferer, subject to restless nights, nightmare, dreams, palpitation of the heart, neuralgia, dimness of sight and other symptoms of nervous and physical debility, applying to the undersigned for relief.

These belts are light, perfectly flexible, and easily adjusted, all of which, together with their cheapness, renders them superior to any other form, for the application of electricity, medicinally.

☞ 50,147 of these belts were sold in Europe in the year 1876.

"Electricity is Life,"

And no remedy can be compared to it for the treatment of IMPOTENCE and loss of nervous vitality.

This belt is recommended by the most eminent physiologists of this country and Europe.

"Ingenious, wonderful—a deathblow to the old system of drugging."—*London* (Eng.) *Lancet.*

"You have perfected a great blessing on suffering humanity."—*Dr. Richardson*, London, England.

"Wonderful for the restoration of exhausted vitality."—*Dr. Ferrier*, London, England.

"I cheerfully recommend Dr. Hall's Electric Belt, and consider it one of the greatest blessings to mankind that has been put before the public."—*Dr d'Earr*, Paris, France.

Price of Electric Belt, - $6 00
do. do. (extra power) 10 00

Full instructions with each belt, when you order.

When ordering, state exact measurement round the waist.

Send money by postoffice money orex-de press or registered letter.

☞ *ADVICE GRATIS.* ☜

Address all orders to

DR. JAMES HALL & CO.,
(General Agents for the United States,)
329 West Fifteenth street, New York.

*** *State in what paper you saw this.* 4m

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST,
Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE,
Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. VOSBURG,
Attorney-At-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office with Clement Dale, High street. 12-12-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

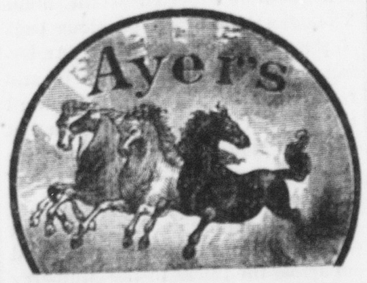
Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf



Cathartic Pills

Combine the choicest cathartic principles in medicine, in proportions accurately adjusted to secure activity, certainty, and uniformity of effect. They are the result of years of careful study and practical experiment, and are the most effectual remedy yet discovered for diseases, caused by derangement of the stomach, liver, and bowels, which require prompt and effectual treatment. AYER'S PILLS are specially applicable to this class of diseases. They act directly on the digestive and assimilative processes, and restore regular healthy action. Their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, is one of the many proofs of their value as a safe, sure, and perfectly reliable purgative medicine. Being compounded of the concentrated virtues of purely vegetable substances, they are positively free from calomel, or any injurious properties, and can be administered to children with perfect safety.

AYER'S PILLS are an effectual cure for **Constipation or Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach and Breath, Dizziness, Headache, Loss of Memory, Numbness, Biliousness, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, Colic, Gripes, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Gout, Piles, Disorders of the Liver,** and all other diseases resulting from a disordered state of the digestive apparatus.

As a Dinner Pill they have no equal.

While gentle in their action, these PILLS are the most thorough and searching cathartic that can be employed, and never give pain unless the bowels are inflamed, and then their influence is healing. They stimulate the appetite and digestive organs; they operate to purify and enrich the blood, and impart renewed health and vigor to the whole system.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Dress Making.

PLAIN, FANCY SEWING
—AND—
LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work.
Can do

PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
OR LACE WORK.

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy poor woman. 3-tf

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Medicinal..

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

DAY'S Kidney PAD

CURES **Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness,** and all diseases of the **KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when nothing else can.**

LOOK OUT for imitations. Ask for, and take only the **DAY PAD.**

For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, **$2.00.** Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to
12-5 1y. **F. POTTS GREEN,**
Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

Miscellaneous.

WILLIAMS & BRO.,
PRACTICAL HOUSE PAINTERS.

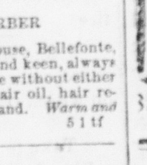
GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
PAPER-HANGING,
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
KALSOMINING.

☞ Paint Shop and Office in Second Story of
McCLAIN'S BLOCK, op. BUSH HOUSE
46-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK — AFTER TAKING.

The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse: as loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.



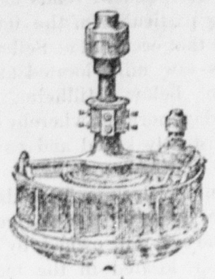
TRADE MARK — AFTER TAKING.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or 5 packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
HARRIS & FLEMING, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa. j4dwly

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf

Medical.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.
TRY IT

SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

Is a sure cure for all the ordinary diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. It cures and prevents Chicken Cholera. Your cow is certain to yield 25 per cent more and better milk and butter. Stock fattens on one-fourth less feed!

Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing.*—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman. F. A. MILLER,
20-1y 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL this, the first, cheapest, best, and the only authentic low-priced book containing the lives of

GEN'L W. S. HANCOCK
AND
W. H. ENGLISH.

A complete record of the early and military life of Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock, with a full and graphic account of the proceedings, speeches and incidents at the Cincinnati Convention, also the platform, table of ballots and letters of acceptance, with the life of W. H. English. Richly embellished with numerous artistic illustrations and fine, handsome engraved Portraits of each Candidate. Sure success to all who take hold; will positively outsell all books. Send for circulars and extra terms.
Address, H. W. KELLEY & CO.,
28-4t 711 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE

That Acts at the Same Time on

THE LIVER,
THE BOWELS,
and the KIDNEYS.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect: if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,

are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will once more gladden your heart.

Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?
Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?
Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?

KIDNEY-WORT will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.

It is a dry vegetable compound and
One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.
Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Price $1.00.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors,
(Successors to H. H. Green & Son,) Burlington, Vt.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lawtown, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Props., Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

PATENTS

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State
Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitor of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 7-tf

MINING STOCK FOR SALE.

The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own more valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share, full paid up, and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned, at $2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to M. BOYD, 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. O. Box 1064 12-12-1y

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,
TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE,

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.

My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS

Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.

Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-13-1y

Hotels

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch

PHILAD'A

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1v JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 25 1y

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Republican County Executive Committee for 1880.

District.	*Names.*	*P. O. Address*
Bellefonte, N.W.	David M. Glenn	Bellefonte
do S.W.	H. H. Benner	Bellefonte
do W.W.	Wm. Shortlidge	Bellefonte
Howard boro	Joseph Royer	Howard
Milesburg boro	Lyman T Eddy	Milesburg
Millheim do	A O Deininger	Millheim
Philipsbu'g do	Capt Harry Simler	Phil'burg
Unionville do	Dr E A Russell	Fleming
Benner twp	John P Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs twp	Capt Austin Curtin	Roland
Burnside twp	Wm Stewart, Jr	Moshannon
College twp	Dr. Theodore S. Christ	Lemont
Curtin twp	Warren S Lucas	Howard
Ferguson O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
Ferguson N P	Dan'l M Clemson	Rock Spg's
Gregg twp	Robt H Duncan	Spring Mills
Huston twp	Ira F Davis	Julian Furnace
Howard twp	D B Pletcher	Howard
Harris twp	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Half Moon twp	Harry C Love	Loveville
Haines twp	Dr P T Musser	Aaronsburg
Liberty twp	D B Kunes	Blanchard
Miles twp	Reuben Grimm	Maddisonburg
Marion twp	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Penn twp	David Kimport	Millheim
Patton twp	Wm I. Furst	Buffalo Run
Potter O P	Jas C Boal	Centre Hall
Potter N P	W J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush twp	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe twp	C P Stoneroad	Snow Shoe
Spring twp	A J Swartz	Pleasant Gap
Taylor twp	D G Ganoe	Fowler
Union twp	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker twp	Philip Walter	Nittany
Worth twp	Thomas Weston	Port Matilda

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, }
CLAUDE COOK, } Secretaries.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—The Millheim camp-meeting opens August 11th.

--The base ball fever has given Bellefonte a wide berth this season.

—Mrs. Dillen, of Philadelphia, has been visiting Mrs. Thos. R. Hays for several days past.

—Now is a good time to purchase a summer outfit. Merchants are selling off to make room for fall goods.

--A well attended meeting was held in the Republican club room Friday evening, and several forcible speeches made by members present.

—Democrats around here don't have much to say about Hancock's letter. This is not strange, though, as there isn't much of anything in it to talk about.

—There were twenty-five wagons in market on Saturday, and a good variety of produce offered. The display of fruit was the best that has yet been brought in.

—The Lancaster papers report the tobacco crop as in favorable condition. Much of the crop has been topped, and some farmers are already cutting off their more advanced planting.

—It is said that the average age of cats is fifteen years. If these figures are true, we know of a number of Linn street residents who have about fourteen years of solid misery before them.

—Mr. Harry Lindsay, the cigar and tobacco dealer, has moved into the room below Deschner's gun shop, on High street, where he would be pleased to meet his friends and customers.

—Two Lewistown young ladies, disciples of Tanner, tried the experiment of fasting three days. They began Monday morning, but, strange to relate, were in their accustomed places at the table at noon.

—Mr. B. W. Shipley, one of Unionville's prominent citizens, and an active worker for the Republican cause, gave us a brief call Monday. He says the Republicans are wide awake up in his section, and will make things lively this fall.

—A friend handed us the following yesterday, which sounds very much like a give-away: "The four children who visited the cave the other day report a fine time; but it is rather a dangerous place for children, and in the future we advise 'George' to take his pap along"

TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION.

Saw Mill Blown to Atoms—One Man Instantly Killed.

A correspondent sends us the following particulars of the terrible accident that occurred at Seiler & Billmyer's saw mill, located at Fowler Station, below Millheim, on last Thursday morning, whereby one man was instantly killed and two others fatally injured:

About 6 o'clock on Thursday morning the boiler of the engine which runs the saw mill owned by Seiler & Billmyer, located in the mountains near Fowler Station, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad, exploded. The mill was razed to the ground, and entirely ruined. Three men, the engineer, the sawyer and the edger were the victims of the disaster. The edger, Mr. Abram Burns, was wounded internally, and died from the effects thereof in about three hours after the accident. Mr. Burns was a Pennsylvania German, and hailed we believe, from Hartleton, Union county, and was about 44 years of age. For the last three years he has been living in the lower end of Pennsvalley, and but recently went to the mountains. Besides serving as edger, he kept the boarding house and boarded most of the men employed in the mill, in the woods or as teamsters. Mr. Burns' person, when rescued from the fallen timbers and rubbish, showed no outward marks or bruises, but his physical condition in general and his complaints of pain indicated dangerous internal injuries, as was proven by his death a few hours after. When medical aid arrived he was deathly cold, and all the efforts of the physicians to revive him proved futile. Mr. Burns leaves a wife and a 12 year old son. His remains were taken to Hartleton for interment.

The engineer, Mr. Michael Lamy, of Millheim, had a compound comminuted fracture of the left leg, which leg was also bruised and burned; his right leg and thigh, right side, back, and both arms suffered deep burns and scalds. The sawyer, Mr. William Billmeyer, of Lewisburg, was lacerated by the saw about the inner part of the left thigh, and narrowly escaped the rupture of the large blood vessels of that region; also suffered a similar injury about the calf and ankle of the right leg, and had several burns and scalds on the breast and right side and arms; had several upper teeth knocked out and suffered a severe contusion of the right eye and face, besides a number of minor gashes on different parts of his body.

The explosion was caused, it is supposed, by a collection of gas in some part of the boiler during the night when not heated. At the time the engineer declares he had on only about sixty pounds of steam, in fact he was just getting ready to fire up. The boiler, however, was an old one, having done long and faithful service and was doubtless worn out. At least, it is said two former engineers had pronounced it unsafe. But the immense strain on the boiler can be estimated when informed that a piece weighing about three tons was thrown a distance of between two and three hundred yards, cutting down everything, trees and all, in its course. Other parts of the engine were scattered in all directions.

Mr. Seiler, one of the proprietors, had been at the engine only a few minutes before, and after exchanging words with the men above mentioned left just in time to save his life. The other mill hands, fortunately, had not come to work, or else the number of victims would have been much larger. As soon as the accident occurred the men set to work to rescue the injured, and a messenger was sent for medical assistance and nothing left undone which could afford relief. Altogether, it is the saddest accident that ever occurred in this region.

[We have received another account of the disaster from our Millheim correspondent which verifies the above and is about the same in substance.—ED.]

Port Matilda.

The Hon. Adams Thompson, candidate on the prohibition ticket for Vice President, is at present visiting our town and vicinity. He says Gen. Garfield is very popular in Ohio.

Some of our citizens are somewhat exited over the enormous tax assessed by the Lycoming Mutual. A. R. C.

—Why don't the mechanics in Bellefonte vote themselves a holiday and get up an excursion to the woods, and take their families along? Hard working people are just as much in need of recreation of this kind as the young man who reads novels in the forenoon and presses brick during the balance of the day.

—An exchange says a rat weighing eight pounds was killed in Franklin beer vault one day last week. Possibly this may be true, but we are inclined to think that if the animal was examined again it would be found to be an overgrown cat.

From Howard.

HOWARD, August 2, 1880.

Editor Republican:

I have a few words to say in regard to the so-called Democrats in this county, and especially in our neighborhood. They claim to be the soldiers' friend. It looked so during the war; and at the election held in August, 1874, as to whether the soldiers should be privileged to vote or not, there were but three Democrats in this election district who cast their votes in favor of giving the soldier the ballot. Now, they claim to be the Union party; but far from being so are they, if they mean what they say and practice. A little instance happened in this borough during the war that is a shame and disgrace to the party of this county. I refer to the time when those who had determined to resist the draft were gathered on the Allegheny mountain. When the invalid soldiers went through Howard they stopped for something to eat, and several families, so-called Democratic (but Rebel), refused to give them anything. That was Union-like, was it not? Those men, to-day, would rather see Jeff. Davis in the White House than any other man they can think of. You can judge as to their characters, when I tell you they will not read anything but Democratic trash and abuse; they say one thing to-day, and to-morrow will deny it, and the same is true of the speakers they send out from time to time; why, a better favor cannot be done for us that to send Col. Fortney down here to speak. He will make votes for Garfield and Arthur, rather than for the other side. Where are our good loyal Democrats that made a raid on Bellefonte during the war? I suppose they will be in the field this fall again, to take command of the Millheim Brigade. We will show them this fall who was true to the Stars and Stripes; they can cry for the Palmetto four years longer.

JACK.

—It is strange how many young men return home from college with "disabled eyes" and a pair of society goggles perched upon the bridge of their foul air detecters. It often turns out, however, that their affliction is merely a bit of senseless "style," denosing a weakness of something besides the eyes.

—We notice that Mr. Gust Hoover, of the firm of John C. Miller & Co., is looking unusually happy of late. On inquiring into the matter yesterday we made the startling discovery that Gust is a daddy to the tune of a bouncing boy. It came along a little too late to be enumerated, though, which is to be regretted.

—Tanner now complains of an uncomfortable feeling in his stomach, caused by wind. Considering the fact that he has been feeding on air for thirty days the wonder to us is that the wind in his stomach does not develop into a small cyclone and wind up the fasting business on short notice.

—On a fence surrounding an orchard, near Eagleville, is nailed a slab on which the following is inscribed:

"Take notis
Take te roat on pay te find."

We shall not attempt to explain this mysterious warning, but would advise everybody to steer clear of that orchard.

—James Dougherty, an employee at the Howard ore banks, was arrested on Saturday evening and locked up for indecent conduct on the streets. Larry McCafferty, of this place, was also given a berth in the cooler for making an inflammatory stump speech on Allegheny street.

—Dr. Charles Hosmer, of Beaver Falls, Pa., gave us a brief call Friday. Mr. Hosmer was in attendance during the sessions of the Dental Society, but is so well pleased with Bellefonte and her surrounding attractions as to be induced to prolong his visit several days.

—The Lock Haven *Daily Journal* has entered upon the second year of its career under the present management, and finds itself sailing along on the road to prosperity. The *Journal* is a wide-awake, newsy little sheet, and is deserving of continued support.

—A young man named Tomlinson, employed at Hoyt & Co.'s tannery, in Philipsburg, fell through a hatchway in the dry house on Thursday, from the fifth floor to the first. He lived but a very few moments after the accident, his neck having been broken.

—What this country badly needs is some kind of a machine that will mash the skull of a house fly at sight. We call upon some Centre countian, of an inventive turn of mind, to come to the rescue.

—The drowning season is at its height. Now is the time to make a fashionable job of it. Will some Bellefonter make the "riffle" and give us an item.

Harvest Home Picnic at Clintondale.

On Saturday last, at an early hour, people began to assemble on the camp ground, and at 10 o'clock the South Union and Hublersburg Sunday-schools marched in solid column to the seats in front of the altar. Soon after the Zion cornet band arrived.

The exercises began by the Hublersburg school singing "A Welcome to All," after which addresses were made by Revs. Dick and Irwin, fully intermingled with vocal and instrumental music.

Just as the assembly was dismissed for lunch, it was announced that Francis Murphy, the temperance apostle, who had been taking a drive into the valley from Lock Haven, accidentally strolled to the camp ground, who being introduced made a short and pertinent temperance address.

During the afternoon addresses were made by Leonard Rhone, master of the Centre county Grange, Chas. S. McCormick, of Lock Haven, J. G. Eldred, Representative for Clinton county, who were followed by Mr. Bruce Hayes, an accomplished elocutionist of Lock Haven.

The Rev. Crouse sang a solo entitled "Rock of Ages," which was eagerly listened to and was received with great commendation. During the day and evening the Evangelicals held a festival, and from appearances must have realized a handsome sum. The proceeds are for the improvement of the grounds. There were about 1,500 persons assembled to spend the day socially. IVAN.

Chasing a Forger.

A Harrisburg policeman had a lively chase after a forger in that city on Friday last, in which the latter came out best and made his escape. The *Telegraph* says: "Last night about nine o'clock a stranger entered the clothing store of H. Marks, on Market street, and after purchasing several articles tendered in payment a check for $12 on the Dauphin Deposit Bank. Mr. Marks was on his guard against checks, and he regarded this particular one with suspicion. Telling the stranger to wait until he ascertained whether the check was genuine, Mr. Marks left the store to summon an officer. He met Special Officer Graham near his store and telling him of the affair the two went back only to find that the young man had fled. On making a search they found the fellow at Royer's Hotel, on Canal street. He gave as an excuse for not remaining in the store that he wanted to see a friend named Anderson whom he expected at the hotel. The officer told him to go along back to the store and wait for Mr. Anderson. At this the man jumped up and ran across the railroad track toward the depot, Graham following in hot pursuit. Running down the platform the fellow tried to conceal himself between some cars below the depot, when Graham fired at him. Instead of stopping he put on more steam and cut across the tracks to the Mulberry street canal bridge, which he crossed and was lost in the darkness. The man has been in this city for a couple of days, and has been heard to say that he is from Dayton, Ohio.

The Game Laws.

The Lewistown *Gazette* says there seems to be some misapprehension in parts of that county (and it might have said elsewhere) as to the time for killing squirrels. Section 2 of the act of 1878 fixes the first day of September as the legal time, or any one killing squirrels or having them in possession before the time is liable to a fine of $5. Some hunters may not know it, but it is nevertheless law, that the killing or having in possession any wild fowl—of course including ducks—is prohibited between the 16th of May and 1st of September, under a fine of $10 for each fowl. Our fish and game laws are sadly neglected, but they will strike somebody some day when least expected. On the upper Susquehanna it is contended that an outline is a permanently set means of taking fish, and the outliners have been notified to quit.

—Garfield and Arthur clubs have been organized during the past week as follows:

At Loveville, Friday, July 30, by Chairman Rankin and Col. Hastings. This club has within its membership one of the best glee clubs in the county.

At Julian Furnace, Friday, July 30, by John G. Love and S. D. Gray, Esqs.

The club of Spring township met at Boiling Springs on Saturday evening and increased their membership.

ALL policy holders in the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company should have a copy of the report of the committee sent to investigate the affairs of the company. These reports, neatly printed in pamphlet form, can be obtained at the *Democrat* office. Price per copy 15 cents.

—Harry Green's cigars are noted for their fine flavor and even burning. Smokers should make a note of this.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Contrary to the expectations of many Dr. Tanner's extraordinary powers of fasting still held out yesterday. While apparently growing weaker he was sufficiently strong to express his indignation at a report which had been pretty extensively circulated that he might be obliged to succumb to the demands of an overtaxed nature. He sought his cot in the south gallery of Clarendon Hall at twenty minutes to ten on Thursday night, and slept soundly for an hour and five minutes with his face turned toward the moon. Although resting under two double blankets he asked for more clothing, and the rubber piano cover, so frequently used on former occasions was thrown over him. After tossing about restlessly for nearly a quarter of an hour and complaining of the want of air he shifted his quarters at five minutes after eleven o'clock and went to sleep on the cot down in the hall which is generally used in the daytime. He then dropped into a feeble slumber and did not awake until ten minutes to one o'clock Friday morning. At this hour he asked for the air pillow, which was placed under his head, and the extraordinary being, in response to the question as to whether he had a sufficiency of clothing over him, feebly answered "Yes," while he dropped off asleep again, not awakening until after two o'clock.

NEW YORK, August 2.—No one at Clarendon Hall ventures any positive predictions any longer, but it is the opinion of those qualified to judge that Dr. Tanner is steadily growing weaker. In the early part of Monday night he tried to drink some water, but before getting it was nauseated and threw up two tablespoonfuls of mucus liquid. Throughout the night he was somewhat restless, asking several times to have his cot moved. Awakening at 5 a. m. today he seemed somewhat refreshed, and dressing, he went for his usual drive to the Park. Probably fearing disastrous consequences he omitted his morning drink at 8 a. m. However, he asked for water and four ounces were given to him, of which he only drank half an ounce. He appeared listless during the forenoon and failed to show his usual interest in his mail. From 10 o'clock till 2 the Doctor spent all the time, with the exception of a quarter of an hour, lying on his cot. Some mineral water had been sent him and he drank a small quantity, but he failed to show much enthusiasm. About 2 p. m. Tanner's pulse was found to be 84, slightly more full and regular, temperature 98.45 and respiration 14.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—At the examining trial of Shroeder, for killing Dr. Lefevere, at Oakland, this morning, the Rev. Horatio Stebbins, father of Mrs. Shroeder, was allowed to testify. He said Mrs. Shroeder, on June 12, confessed to him and her husband that Lefevere had betrayed her.

Dr. Stebbins and his son-in-law soon afterward visited Lefevere, when Stebbins taxed him with the crime, which Lefevere neither affirmed nor denied, but was much excited and trembled visibly. Dr. Stebbins said he was unarmed at the time, but had he had a pistol he would then and there have killed the seducer, and saved his son-in-law this trial. Stebbins further testified that since June 12 Schroeder had acted as though out of his mind. He himself had accompanied his son-in-law on a trip through the country to divert him, but did not succeed.

DETROIT, Mich., July 31.—The National Secretary of the Socialistic labor party, whose office is in this city, furnishes the following: "The National Executive Committee of the Socialistic labor party has received from Gen. James B. Weaver, the Greenback candidate for President, a letter declaring his approval of the socialistic land resolution adopted by the National Convention of the Greenback-labor party at Chicago. As the question of the indorsement of the Greenback candidate by the Socialistic labor party depended largely upon the position of General Weaver on the land question the reply of this gentleman is believed to be entirely satisfactory, and is likely to give him the support of labor and land reformers."

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—A special to the *Post-Dispatch* from Moberly, Mo., says that an armed mob of about 100 men opened fire to-day on J. C. Corlew, whom Sheriff Matlock was taking into the Court House to be tried for assaulting Mrs. Crump last March. Corlew ran into the court room, where he was shot again. He then escaped to the street, and fell, but quickly regaining his feet, he received another shot. He then ran into a store, closely followed by his slayer, thence out into an alley, and again into the street, finally making his way into a room over a saloon. Here his pursuers cornered him and fired five more shots into his body and one into his forehead. He died in ten minutes. The officers of the law made no effort to stay the mob.

BINGHAMPTON, July 31.—Edgar Babcock is a leading church member and superintendent of a Sabbath school in New Berlin. Jeremiah Goodrich is Babcock's father-in-law. He is 80 years old, a great smoker, and childish. His son-in-law is opposed to the old gentleman's use of the weed and has often requested him to quit smoking. On Monday, according to a neighbor of Babcock's, old Mr. Goodrich went into his son-in-law's barn to see him milk the cows. While looking on he took out his pipe, filled and lit it, and began puffing away at Babcock's side. Babcock was disgusted. He told the old gentleman to stop smoking. The octogenarian kept on extracting pleasures from the clay pipe that he had colored by long use, and of which he was especially fond and proud. The son-in-law picked up a pitchfork and with a savage blow of the handle knocked the pipe out of the old gentleman's mouth and scattered it about the barn floor in a dozen pieces. The father-in-law gave his daughter's husband his opinion of him in very emphatic language. The latter knocked the old man down and gave him so severe a pummelling that he with difficulty reached the residence of a son near by. Old Mr. Goodrich's head and face were shockingly cut and bruised. It was necessary to call a physician to attend to his injuries. The octogenarian says his injuries do not distress him so much as the loss of his pipe.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—This morning about two o'clock Michael Meheddy visited the house of his brother-in-law, Anthony Mallory, on Alaska street, and the two became involved in a quarrel. While so engaged Mrs. Mallory interfered for the purpose of separating them, when Maheddy picked up a hatchet that was lying in the room and struck his brother-in-law on the head with it seven times, and also struck his sister a blow, knocking her insensible, and then succeeded in escaping. The injured man and his wife were removed to a hospital. Maheddy was subsequently taken into custody.

FREMONT, Neb., July 31.—A man named Hooflan, who formerly lived in the Bender neighborhood in Kansas, and who knew old man Bender personally, was admitted to-day to the presence of the prisoners here and identified the man as old man Bender. He is not so positive as to the woman. The woman claims that Mrs. Bender died in 1876. The whereabouts of Kate and John Bender, Jr., has been discovered, and officers are en route to capture them. The prisoners were to have met John Bender to-day in this State.

BRADFORD, Pa., July 31.—The post office at Eldred, McKean county, was broken into last night. The safe was blown open and $100 in cash, $350 in stamps, and several registered letters from the East stolen. No clue has been discovered.

Heat and Sickness.

During the hot and sultry weather an unusual amount of sickness prevails in every community, especially among females and children, caused by the fermenting miasma gas or nitrogenous matter floating in the air, arising from decaying vegetation. The bad air affects everything we eat, and engenders in it a semi-fermentation, which, when taken in the system, is like leaven, and operates on the whole, starting in the bowels and soon producing a violent fermentation, causing diarrhœa and dysentery. It has been found that the use of Speer's Old Port Grape Wine of New Jersey has an extraordinary effect in checking this fermentation and restoring the system to its original strength and vigor. Invalids and debilitated persons have found it the most nutritious and strengthening tonic in the market, and the greatest help in resisting the poisonous effects of the vitiated atmosphere. This wine, so long established, has become the standard wine upon which physicians rely as the most rich in body and genuine in character, containing the great amount of medicinal properties with the least intoxicating qualities. Speer's vineyards produce a larger yield this year than usual, and he has reduced the price of his wine that any person can now purchase it of druggists for $1 per bottle. None of this wine is bottled until it is four years old.—*Gazette.*

For sale by J. Zeller & Son.

As President of the London Geographical Society, it is understood that Lord Aberdare will succeed the Earl of Northbrook.

To Make Gilt-Edge Butter.

Every dairyman wishes to get the top price for his butter. It can be done by having it perfect in quality and appearance. When the color becomes light it is necessary to add a little of Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfected Butter Color to keep it up to the June standard. Many well known butter buyers recommend all their patrons to use only this preparation, as it gives the most perfect color.

The young shoots on most of the vines in the vineyards along the banks of the Rhine and its tributaries were killed by frost on the night of May 18th and 19th, in consequence of which the grape crop in that country is pronounced a failure.

The Fall Session of the Pennsylvania State College opens on the 27th of August. There is a full Faculty of twelve Professors, and the *tuition is free*. President Shortlidge has taken hold of the work with a will, and a large attendance of students is expected. Every facility is offered to students to acquire sound and useful knowledge, to learn not only principles, but their application to various callings in life. Send for catalogue. Address BUSINESS MANAGER, State College, Centre Co., Pa

Dr. Calutarients, of Scarborough, England, has invented a crystaline substance to be used as a substitute for ice in skating rinks. The mixture consists mainly of carbonate and suiphate of soda, which when laid as a floor by his plan can be skated on with ordinary ice-skates, and a writer states that by moonlight it has all the appearence and effect of real ice.

S. WOODBURY, Vt., Sept. 23, 1879.

Gentlemen—I wish to inform you of the efficiency of Kidney-Wort on my person. I had been afflicted with Rheumatism for three years without relief from any medicine I could get. By recommendation of Mr. Kemp I tried the Kidney-Wort; and half a box entirely relieved me. I have not had any return of the disease since using it, over six months since.

J. G. JEWELL,
Justice of the Peace.

Dr. J. H. Gardner, of New York, has obtained some wonderful results in skin grafting during the past few months. In the treatment of a large ulcer recently, he cut a piece of skin from a man who had been dead a few hours, laid it on the granulated surface of the ulcer and bandaged the leg up firmly. In three days the graft began to show signs of life, a perfect union having taken place and in a week a splendid skin, smooth and elastic, had grown over the ulcerated part, making a complete cure and leaving no scar behind.

Sincere Thanks.

I suffered for five years with Rheumatism. Having been persuaded by friends to try the ST JACOBS OIL, I must acknowledge it is the best remedy I ever used; in fact, it cured me entirely. Accept my sincere thanks.

FRANK SCHWARZ,
98 Nineteenth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

New Advertisements.

LETTING.—PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING STONE ABUTMENTS for a bridge across Marsh Creek, on the public road leading from Howard to Eagleville, will be received by the County Commissioners until 12 o'clock M., August 16, 1880. Specifications can be seen at Bellefonte, Pa. The contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

ANDREW GREGG,
GEORGE SWAB,
JACOB DUNKLE,
Commissioners.

30-3w

Farm at Private Sale.

A GOOD LIMESTONE FARM AND BEAUTIFUL HOME OF

126 ACRES OF LAND,

With SPLENDID BUILDINGS, offered at private sale, in FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP, HUNTINGDON COUNTY, Pa. Price to suit the times, and terms easy. Most of the money can be made on the farm (must quit farming on account of ill health). For particulars, call on or address,

D. R. MILLER,
Franklinville P. O., Huntingdon Co., Pa.
July 28, 1880.—30-3t

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. Samuel Frank and the Hon. John Divens, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date, 15th day of July, A. D., 1880, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of August next, being the 23d day of August, 1880, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 22d day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1880 and in the one hundred and fourth year of the independence of the United States.

JOHN SPANGLER,
30-4t Sheriff.

Two Valuable Farms at Private Sale.

THE REAL ESTATE SITUATE IN CENTRE COUNTY, belonging to the heirs of the late DR. A. A. HENDERSON, is offered at private sale. It consists of two valuable farms, one situate in College township, containing about two hundred and ten acres of cleared land and thirty acres of timber land, thereon erected a LARGE STONE MANSION HOUSE, TWO GOOD FRAME DWELLING HOUSES, Bank Barn, and all necessary outbuildings. Also, a GOOD ORCHARD of eight acres. Springs, and a stream of running water through the farm.

Another situate in Harris township, containing about one hundred and sixty (160) acres, (all cleared excepting eight acres), thereon erected a LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, bank barn, corn house, ice house, and all necessary outbuildings. There is also a good young Orchard on this farm, and the right to pipe water from a stream of running water.

Also a TRACT OF TIMBER LAND on the south side of Nittany mountain, containing one hundred acres, and another containing between one and two acres, with water right sufficient to run machinery of mill.

Payments will be made to suit the purchasers. For terms and particulars call upon or address,

W. W. LEECH,
Boalsburg, Pa.
Or BEAVER & GEPHART,
Bellefonte, Pa.

30-3m

New Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF DAVID DALE, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of David Dale, deceased, late of College township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

30-3t THOMAS DALE, Executor.

14 STOP ORGANS

Stool, Book and Music, boxed and shipped, only $85. New Pianos, $195 to $1600. Mid-summer offer illustrated free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 30-4t

AGENTS, TAKE YOUR CHOICE AND sell the Life of

GARFIELD OR HANCOCK

And coin money. Circulars and terms free. Outfit 50 cents. E. B. TREAT, Pub., 757 Broadway, New York. 30-4t

MALT
THE NEW FOOD
Malt Bitters Company
MEDICINE
BITTERS

DO NOT CONFOUND THIS MATCHLESS Renovator of Feeble and Exhausted Constitutions with violent cathartics, cheap decoctions of vile drugs, and ruineus intoxicants innocently labeled "bitters." MALT BITTERS appeal to popular confidence because prepared from *Unfermented Hops, Malt and Quinine*, and other precious ingredients, according to the process of Liebig, and are richer in the elements that restore to permanent health the weak, convalescent, consumptive, over-worked, nervous, sleepless, dyspeptic, bilious, and fickle in appetite, than all other forms of malt or medicine. The *genuine* are plainly signed by the company. Sold everywhere.

30-4w MALT BITTERS CO., Boston, Mass.

DR. MARGARET G. COLEMAN, OF WILLIAMSPORT, has returned from a sojourn at the sea shore, and has moved into her hospital residence on High street, that she has fitted up for the reception of guests. Location the most healthy in the city. Women's diseases and nervous debility are specialties.

Send to Box 173 for circulars and references. Mrs. Dr. Coleman has been successful in the treatment of patients in Bellefonte, from whom the most satisfactory testimonials can be furnished to those who may desire to be benefited by her skill. 29-4t

THOS. MERRYMAN, Adm. of &c. of CATHARINE VAN POOL, vs. LEONARD MERRYMAN, Adm. of &c. of JOHN VAN POOL, deceased. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No. 241 Aug. T., 1879; Lev. Fa. No. 78, Nov. T., 1879.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AUDITOR APPOINTED by said Court, to make distribution of the balance of the proceeds of sale, in the hands of John Spangler, Sheriff, under said writ of execution, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of AUGUST, A. D. 1880 at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested are requested to be present and present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

28-3t S. D. RAY, Auditor.

IF YOU ARE THIRSTY, drink a glass of

ASCHENBACH & MILLER'S

CELEBRATED

BIRCH BEER,

the most delightful beverage of the season. Cooling, refreshing, and an excellent preventative of summer complaints. It also acts as a blood purifier without any stimulating or intoxicating effects, being a purely vegetable preparation, and entirely free from anything approaching alcohol. It is so VERY CHEAP that it is within the means of the poorest. A 25 cent package will make five gallons of beer! Endorsed by temperance advocates and physicians. All druggists and country storekeepers sell it. Wholesale depot, N. W. cor. 3d and Callowhill Sts., Philadelphia Pa. 29-1y

ANNOUNCEMENT.—LIFE OF

Gen. James A. Garfield

The well known publishing house of Hubbard Bros., Philadelphia, have in preparation, and will soon issue, the Life of General James A. Garfield written by his comrade in arms and personal friend, General J. S. Brisbin, of the Regular Army. The career of our distinguished candidate has rarely been equaled in points of romantic interest, and the more closely it is studied the more wonderful and inspiring it appears. It furnishes material for a volume of deep and permanent interest and value. We are glad that its preparation has been placed in hands so competent. The brilliant qualities of General Brisbin, both as a soldier and an author, are well known, and his personal relations to General Garfield are such as will give to his narrative the utmost fullness and authority of statement. It will be a book of more than passing interest, and in this respect widely different from ordinary campaign literature. It will be sold only by subscription, and must meet with a very large sale.

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one willing to work can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. A great opportunity for making money easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 12-27-6m

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

SERVE AN INJUNCTION ON DISEASE

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and innutritious circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. 12-27—

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been issued to the undersigned on the estate of MARGARET H. COOK, late of the borough of Bellefonte, all persons having demands against the deceased are requested to present them, duly authenticated, for payment, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

27-6t A. J. COOK, Administrator.

BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.,
IS OPEN.

27-3m D. P. PETERS, Prop'r.

THE BUILDING COMMITTEE OF ST. John's Reformed Church, of Bellefonte, will RECEIVE BIDS until noon of Friday, the 30th day of July, 1880, for the erection of a new church edifice and the removal of their old building on their lot, corner of Linn and Spring streets. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of D. S. KELLER, to whom proposals should be addressed. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

27-2t C. M. BOWER, Sec'y pro tem.

A THOROUGH EDUCATION

—FOR—

Young Ladies!

Hollidaysburg Seminary,

Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pennsylvania

A very healthful location; beautiful surroundings. Offers to young ladies all the advantages of a Christian home, with thorough course of instructions in the higher branches of education.

Terms, $250.00 Per Annum,

Including board and attendance, use of library periodicals, and tuition in all English branches Music and art extra.

Annual Term, Forty Weeks.

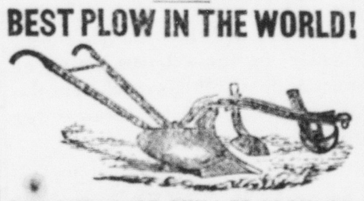
For catalogue with full information address

W. P. HUSSEY, A. M., Principal.

1tf

A NEW DEPARTURE!

BEST PLOW IN THE WORLD!



THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
of Syracuse, N. Y.

Are now putting on the market a Plow that is as much superior to any Plow heretofore made as the Plows of the past few years have been superior to those made half a century ago.

It combines all the excellencies of any Plow in use.

It obviates all the objections made to any other Plow.

In addition it embraces several new features of the greatest value, for which we have obtained exclusive Patents.

Its Beam, Clevis, Jointer Standard and Wheel Standard will be STEEL, and its mold board will be a composition of Steel and Iron chilled under a process for which we have also obtained an exclusive Patent. It will be called

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED STEEL PLOW

Its weight will be eighteen pounds less than our present styles.

A first-class Steel Plow, made in the ordinary way, full rigged, retails for twenty-two dollars. Inferior Steel Plows retail from sixteen to nineteen dollars.

The price of our new Plow will be but **Seventeen Dollars,** and it will be the cheapest Agricultural Implement ever sold.

Its mold board will outwear three of the very best kinds of the ordinary steel mold boards.

It will scour in soils where all steel plows and all other plows have hitherto proved a failure.

With this Plow will be introduced a corrugated Plow Point and Jointer Point, on which we have also obtained a Patent, and which is also a great improvement, both as regards strength and wear.

The Jointer can be shifted so as to take more or less land, and also more or less pitch, and it can always be kept on a line with the Plow.

The wheel will run under the beam or one side of it as desired, and always kept in line.

The beam is adjustable for Spring or Fall Plowing, and also for two or three horses.

The handles can be adjusted to accommodate a man or boy, on the same Plow.

It is a perfect Plow.

Wooden beams are going out of use because they shrink, swell and warp, and never run two seasons alike.

Iron beams are too heavy.

Malleable beams become demoralized and bend, which is much worse than to break.

A Steel beam is the necessity of the day. It is three times as strong and very much lighter than any other style.

When we say a Mold board is chilled, the farmers know it is so.

We do not palm off on them a composition of various metals and call it chilled metal.

We want agents for this new Plow in every town in this State.

We can give but a very small discount to them, but we will pay the Railroad Freight.

We propose to place this Plow in the hands of Farmers as near the cost of manufacture as possible.

It will be the *best* Agricultural Implement ever sold.

It shall also be the *cheapest.*

Persons therefore who are not willing to act as agents on the principle that "a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," need not apply for an agency.

No Plows on commission. All sales absolute.

☞ This is the only Steel Chilled Plow in the World.

Steel costs several times more than Iron.

But this Plow, full rigged, by giving small discounts, can be sold for Seventeen Dollars. Compare this price with that of any Iron Plow ever made.

It is cheaper than any other Plow now made would be at five dollars and a half.

Where there are no agents we will, on receipt of Seventeen Dollars, send a Plow to any Railroad station in the State and pay the freight. Address,

SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
Syracuse, N. Y.

Or

ALEXANDER & CO.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

New Advertisements.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.—William Miller, Collector of School Fund, in account with Taylor township for the year ending June 2d, 1879:

June 7, 1880.	
To amount due township at last settlement	$107 71
June 7, 1880. CR.	
By money paid Samuel Hoover, Treasurer	171 49
By exonerations	24 58
By exoneration E. Fowler	1 64

Samuel Hoover, Treasurer of School Fund, in account with Taylor township for the year ending June 7, 1880:

June 7, 1880. DR.	
To balance due township at last settlement	$ 276 28
To money rec'd from Wm. Miller	171 49
To state appropriation for 1878	139 04
To state appropriation for 1879	137 41
To money rec'd from John Beckwith, collector	445 38
To money and order from S. Pringle	23 50
To unseated land money for 1878	106 28
To order to balance account	66 60
	$1365 98
CR.	
June 7, 1880.	
By amount of orders paid	$ 868 30
By money paid for fuel, repairs, etc	305 08
By money paid for auditing, secretary's salary, deeds, etc	41 00
By balance paid on desks and chairs	48 11
By exonerations	32 16
By percentage	26 15
By money paid Snyder township, Blair county, for tuition	45 12
	$1365 98

John Beckwith, Collector of School Fund, in account with Taylor township for the year ending June 7, 1880:

June 7, 1880.	
To amount of duplicate	$987 11
CR.	
By money paid S. Hoover, Treasurer	445 38
To balance due treasurer	541 73
	$987 11
Amount of liabilities	$125 80
Resources	541 73

HENRY VINGLING, President.
Attest:
WM. CRANE, Secretary.

Hiram Blowers, Overseer of Poor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 12, 1880:

April 12, 1880.	
To one order on Wm. Newman	$ 21 98
To one note against Wm. Miller	72 54
To costs paid John Beckwith for Edward Beckwith	4 28
To amount of duplicate	279 95
To note of Perry Reese	50 27
To 25 bushels of wheat from J. Richey	25 00
To error in entering credits	4 00
To money rec'd from Wm. Miller	215 48
	$673 50
CR.	
April 12, 1880.	
By money paid John T. Fowler for use of poor	$ 66 67
By money paid T. V. Gray, use of poor	42 27
By money paid John Weaver, use of poor	31 45
By money paid A. Smith, use of poor	8 15
By money paid W. C. Smith, use of poor	30 00
By money paid Andrew Johnson, use of poor	20 40
By money paid L. Reese, use of poor	40 64
By money paid B. Walk, use of poor	85 50
By money paid Dr. Dunwiddie, use of poor	42 50
By money paid Thomas Crissman, use of poor	3 00
By money paid Thomas Merryman, use of poor	2 00
By money paid J. Griffith, use of poor	2 00
By money paid William Crane, use of poor	5 50
By money paid H. S. Heinis, use of poor	1 40
By money paid Richard Newman, use of poor	3 05
By money paid Thomas Weston, use of poor	2 00
By money paid Rush township, use of poor	12 55
By money paid C. Sharrer, use of poor	6 60
By money paid Ed. Beckwith, use of poor	3 90
By money paid Susan Woodle, use of poor	16 75
By money paid Thomas Weston, judgment Dr. Meyer	15 94
Exonerations	1 13
Percentage	13 94
By money paid D. G. Ganoe, use of poor	5 50
By money paid Dennis Reese, use of poor	24 78
By harvesting for Richie, hauling grain and sundry account	89 37
By balance due township	96 36
	$673 50
To balance due township	$96 36

Elijah Merryman, Supervisor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 12, 1880:

April 14, 1880.	
To balance due township from last settlement	$ 19 67
To amount duplicate	296 97
To balance due Elijah Merryman	40 02
	$356 66
CR.	
April 12, 1880.	
By work done by men	$276 74
By work done by self	63 00
By notifying men to work on road	10 00
By exoneration of Mrs. Huffman	2 80
By exoneration of Susan Woodle	4 12
	$356 66
To balance due Elijah Merryman	$40 02

John Beckwith, Supervisor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 12, 1880:

April 12, 1880.	
To balance due township from last settlement	$ 32 51
To amount of duplicate	450 31
To order on township	56 85
	$539 67
CR.	
April 12, 1880.	
By work done by men	$440 09
By work done by self	66 40
By W. Griffith and Samuel Miller, tax paid by J. S. Fowler	60
By exonerations	60
By work done on old duplicate	29 98
By one day being sworn in office	1 00
By one day settling	1 00
	$539 67

New Advertisements.

William Miller, Overseer of Poor, in account with Taylor township for the year ending April 14, 1876:

April 12, 1880.	
To balance due from last settlement	$310 43
CR.	
April 12, 1880.	
By error in Polly Vaughn's board bill	$ 7 00
By Jacob Garber note	72 54
By money paid Arms & Shaffer	15 27
By money paid Hiram Blowers	215 48
	$310 43

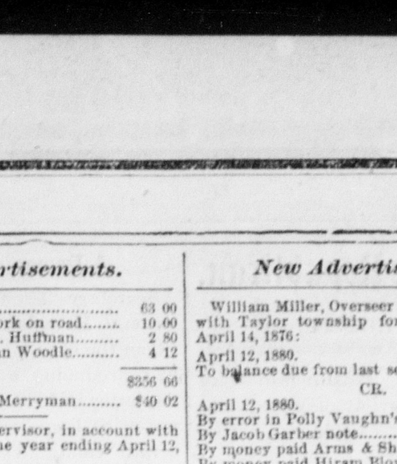
We, the undersigned, Auditors of Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., have examined the above accounts and find them to be just and right, to the best of our knowledge and belief.

JOHN WEAVER,
JNO. T. FOWLER,
T. MERRYMAN,
Auditors.

Attest:
D. G. GANOE, Township Clerk. 27-3t

AGENTS WANTED
For Smith's Bible Dictionary and Holman's new
PICTORIAL BIBLES.
Address, for Circulars, A. J. HOLMAN & CO., Philadelphia. 29-4w

BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE.



Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music,

INSTRUCTORS, COVERS AND STOOLS.

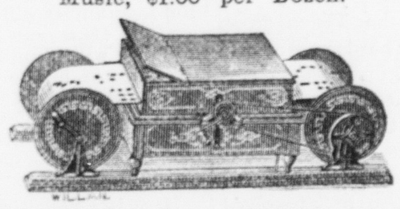
Band and Small Instruments, Organetts, Fashion Patterns, Oil Paintings and Chromos.

SEWING MACHINES

Of all makes, Oil, Attachments, Parts, Needles, Barbour Bro's Linen Thread. Organs hired as low as $5.00 per month. Sewing Machines at $3.00.

LARGEST STOCK OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

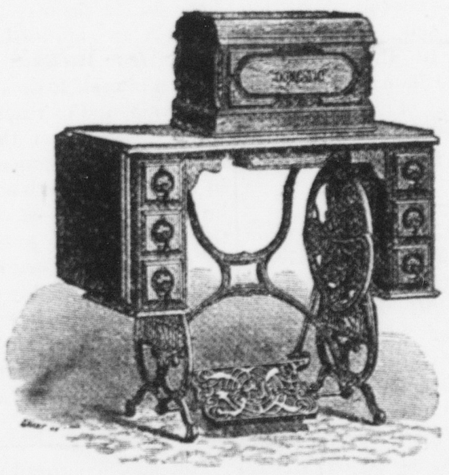
"SILVER CYMBAL," a New Collection of Sunday School Music, $1.00 per Dozen.



WONDERFUL ORGANETTE.

PLAYS ALL TUNES. A CHILD CAN PLAY IT.

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.



YOU WOULD BUY IT IF YOU TRIED IT. IT HAS NO EQUAL.

TEN DOLLARS OFF. NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

Why can this Firm Sell so Cheap? Because they Buy for Cash and Employ No Agents.

12-27tf **BUNNELL & AIKENS.**

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Ralroad.

:o:

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

☞ WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED. ☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

RESIDENTS of Washington City complain of a variety of vile smells, and charge their existence to filthy streets and sewers.

SECRETARY SHERMAN and Secretary Evarts are about to take the stump, accompanied by a few howls from the Democratic press about civil service reform.

BOURBONS in Alabama threaten to rotten egg General Weaver, Greenback candidate for President, if he does not desist from praising Abraham Lincoln and William H. Seward.

PENNSYLVANIA is entitled to one of the six vacancies in the list of second lieutenants in the army. The other five go to Maryland, South Carolina, Missouri, Connecticut and Delaware. The names of the appointees are withheld.

YAZOO county is solid for Hancock—so solid that singularly enough there is no Republican organization, nor are there any Republican meetings being held there. This is a piece of Democratic campaign news which for some unexplained reason the northern Democratic journals have failed to circulate.

GENERAL HANCOCK it is announced in a Washington dispatch has been assigned to the command of the Department of the South, during the temporary absence of General Augur. With this additional power, he ought to be able to keep the rebel brigadiers straight, and secure free speech for Republicans and Greenbackers during the canvass.

IT seems that the Tilden crowd are having rather hard times over in Ohio also. The firm of Long, Hoadly & Banning went up to the Cleveland convention the other day expecting to wipe out what was left of Senator Thurman. It turned out that their calculations only involved the slight error as to who the parties were, to be wiped out. The Thurman crowd ran the convention clear through, and wound up by making John G. Thompson the Chairman of the State Central Committee. The way of the Tilden man is hard in Ohio and Pennsylvania. He is good for the fraud howl, and nothing else.

THE Philadelphia *North American* takes Senator Wallace severely to task for having declared that he would vote against any appropriation to prevent such frauds as those testified to by Mr. Davenport—frauds by which John T. Hoffman was made Governor of New York, and which gave the electoral college to Seymour instead of Grant. It says:

"Some time or another Senator Wallace will come to the knowledge of the fact that the American people will not ask in the interest of what party the quest for fraud was made, but what party was guilty of the frauds themselves. That is the question the public is now considering. They are asking in the interest of what party the 6,000 fraudulent naturalization papers were issued. And they have their answer, not only in the papers themselves, but in the conduct of Senators Wallace and McDonald."

THE announcement that the Cuban authorities have determined to blow up and sink any vessel carrying revolutionists to the island, will probably be followed by reports of sundry fresh outrages upon American vessels in Cuban waters. The Spanish authorities seem to be playing fast and loose in this matter, and they will keep on attacking our commerce in that quarter until they are brought up with a short turn. At first they denied that there was any vessel in the Spanish service such as that which committed the outrage upon the schooners Merritt and Newcomb, but investigation showed that it was a vessel in the Spanish navy that had fired upon and boarded the schooners. Since then a third outrage has been reported, and it is asserted that the determination to sink instead of capture suspected vessels springs from the fact that recently several cargoes of men and munitions have been landed on the Cuban coast by Philadelphia fruit-carrying vessels. There are no means of knowing how much truth there is in these reports, but it looks very much as though Spain was pursuing a course calculated to involve her in serious trouble with the United States.

A Damaging Charge.

Secretary Thompson has given General Hancock a severe blow between the eyes, politically speaking, in reproducing a letter written by the latter in 1868, to Hon. S. T. Glover, of St. Louis, endorsing the Democratic candidates and platform of that year. The letter also endorsed Frank Blair's epistle to Col. Broadhead, which subsequently became famous in that campaign. In order to understand where Hancock stood at that time, and what he was willing to do for the sake of the Democratic party, it is necessary to explain that Mr. Blair wrote the letter referred to as a bid for the nomination which was tendered to him by the convention. In it he stated what he considered to be the the "real and only issue in the contest." It was that "the reconstruction policy of the Radicals" should be overthrown by the Executive! He argues that before the [then] next election the States so long excluded will have been admitted and negro suffrage established, and that even if the Democrats should elect their President and a majority of the popular branch of Congress, the Senate would contine as a bar to the repeal of the reconstruction measures. But Mr. Blair had a way for getting around the difficulty, and if Secretary Thompson is correct General Hancock endorsed the plan. What was it? This extract from Mr. Blair's letter will show:

"There is but one way to restore the government and the constitution, and that is for the President elect to declare these acts [reconstruction measures] null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpations at the South, disperse the carpet-bag state governments, allow the white people to reorganize their own governments and elect Senators and Representatives. The House of Representatives will contain a majority of Democrats from the North, and they will admit the Representatives elected by the white people of the South, and, with the cooperation of the President, it will not be difficult to compel the Senate to submit once more to the obligations of the constitution."

Here is a very important matter which General Hancock should not overlook in his letter of acceptance. Is he still in favor of having objectionable laws nullified by act of the Executive? If elected, will he take it upon himself to declare negro suffrage void, and to reach conclusions through the use of the army? If he thought this a proper thing to do in 1868—and by both acts and words he did so think—would it not be the right course to pursue in regard to the Federal election laws, and other measures highly obnoxious to his party? If he has changed his mind on this point, since endorsing Blair's revolutionary programme, he should explicitly state so in his letter of acceptance.

THE old Copperhead wing of the Democratic party never tires charging the rebellion upon the Republican party. The load, which has been properly placed upon the pro-slavery Democracy, is a dreadful one to carry, because it represents not only thousands of millions of treasure wasted, but over half a million of lives sacrificed, with all the tears and anguish of the widows and orphans made during those bloody years. It is not to be wondered at that they wish to roll the load over upon others. The arch-traitor, Jeff. Davis, once declared to a northern peace commissioner, "Not one drop of blood shed in this war is on *my* hands." Every rebel south and Copperhead noth re-echoes the same cry. But the record has been made up and cannot be altered. Among the most forcible and convincing of the many indictments fixing the crime of the rebellion upon the Democratic party—and especially upon the Copperhead wing of it—is that drawn by General Garfield in 1870. When Mr. Niblack of Indiana, had the assurance to charge the expenditures and burdens of the war upon the Republican party, Mr. Garfield said:

"I desire to ask that gentleman and his party one question. Suppose that in the year 1861 every Democrat north of the Potomac and Ohio had followed the lead of Grant, and Douglas, and Dickinson, and Tod, and all the other great lights of the Democratic party; had thrown away the Democratic name; said that they would be Democrats no longer, as we said we would be Republicans no longer, but all would be Union men, and stand together around the flag until the rebellion had been put under our feet. I desire to ask the gentleman, if these things had happened, how long the war would have lasted, and how much the war would have cost? I do not hesitate to say that it could not have lasted a month and the expenditures would never have exceeded $10,000,000. I say as a matter of current history, that it was the great hope of the rebels of the south that the assistance of the Democratic party of the north would divide our forces and overcome all our efforts; that at the ballot-box the Democrats at home would help the cause they were maintaining in the field. It was that, and that alone, which protracted the war and created our immense debt. I come, therefore, to the door of your party, gentlemen on the other side, and I lay down at your threshold every dollar of the debt, every item of the stupendous total which expresses the great cost of the war; and I say if you had followed Douglas there would have been no debt, no blood, no burden."

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

EASTON, Pa., July 27.—Yesterday afternoon two boys, named Meyer and Leon Kramer, of New York city, were drowned while boating on the Lehigh river.

BRADFORD, Pa., July 27.—Samuel Brownell was found dead in Poke Abbott's place to-night. Appearances indicate that he was strangled to death. A coroner's jury is holding an inquest.

NEVADA CITY, July 27.—W. T. Sigourney, a wealthy citizen, was shot and killed in the post-office here this morning by George Smith, ex-Sheriff of the county. The cause of the shooting was the foreclosure of a mortgage, which dispossessed Smith of all his property. Smith was arrested and lodged in prison immediately.

MOBILE, Ala., July 27.—The English bark R.W.Wood, from Havana, has arrived at Quarantine, thirty-six miles below Mobile, with yellow fever on board. The second mate is very ill. Everybody on board has been down except three men. Two men have died, one of them yesterday morning, and their bodies were cast into the sea. The captain and two sailors are now convalescing.

DAYTON, O., July 27.—Gus Penland and John Westerman were arrested to-day on the charge of murdering Valentine Sehact, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home, who was shot through the head on a road near this city last May. They were arrested once before, but were discharged, as no proof could be found against them. Since then detectives have been on their track, and obtained testimony of the strongest character. The prisoners were bound over without bail.

LONDON, July 27.—The American riflemen were much cherred on Saturday upon going up to receive their prize at the hands of the Princess of Wales. All the papers mention the dispute between Farrow and Hyde. The marker who took the brite in the Olympic competition is under arrest. The court of inquiry has not yet given its decision in the matter. The British team suggested that two strangers should be placed in the butts to watch the target of the Americans during the match in order to see fair play, but Hyde declared it unnecessary.

LANCASTER, Pa., July 27.—On Saturday last a bloody fight took place on the Philadelphia pike. The most injured man was James Watson, he being covered with blood from head to foot and presenting a horrid spectacle. It appears that he and his wife were on their way to town and were met by a party of six tramps—three men and three women—when one of them, Jack Ryan, made an insulting proposition to his wife which he resented, and a fight was the result. Ryan, during the fight, drew a razor and used it upon Watson. The tramps were all arrested, and committed for a hearing.

PITTSBURGH, July 27.—The army worm has reached this section, and countless thousands of the pests invaded a five-acre corn field of Jacob Hartman in the eastern suburbs on Saturday, and the stalks have been denuded of leaves and riddled with small holes, until the field is a barren waste. Mr. Hartman says that they look like an ordinary vegetable worm, only of blackish hue. Most of them are about two inches long, but there are others both larger and smaller. They have a shiny appearance, and have small light spots here and there, besides two yellow spots on each side of the head. An old German gardener says these spots are the shoulder straps, and every worm is an officer by right of birth. They are extending the invasion into the neighborhood, and are moving westward. They are making a clean sweep.

KINGSTON, N. C., July 28.—Stephen C. Spence, a young farmer, met Mrs. M. E. Waller in the road and declared that she must kiss him. The lady indignantly hurried on, when Spence followed, and, despite her struggles, kissed her. She made complaint, and Spence was arsested. He was fined, and sentenced to thirty days in the county jail.

MONTREAL, Quebec, July 28.—Detectives have discovered a plot to blow up the drill shed of the armory, and exertions are being made to arrest the suspected parties.

LONDON, July 28.—An Afghan army from Herat, led by Ayoob Khan, has utterly destroyed General Burrows' brigade of the British army near Candahar, Afghanistan, and driven within the citadel Gen. Primrose's division. The Viceroy of India is dispatching reinforcements with all possible speed from India.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Samuel J. Tilden presided at the Democratic ratification meeting in this city last evening, and struggled through a very short address, in which he set up the fraud cry once more, and insisted on the importance of a change in the party at the head of the Government. He showed much agitation and pitiful political weakness.

PITTSBURG, July 29.—The Grand View Garden House, on Duquense Heights, was destroyed by fire to-night. From the garden a magnificent view of the city and surrounding country for miles could be had. The fire caught in a small passageway from the upsetting of a lamp, and everything was swept away. The loss is $10,000; insurance $3,000 in the Allemania of Pittsburg.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 28.—Capt. James H. Stanley, a prominent citizen of Middletown, in this county, died last night from hydrophobia. When last Sunday the symptoms became manifest, he bade his friends good-bye and submitted himself to the care of his keepers, but on Monday night, during a violent spasm, he escaped, and was found subsequently in the suburbs biting at everything within his reach. The deceased was bitten by his own dog about five weeks ago.

BRADFORD, July 28.—Anthony Comstock, of New York, arrested Mrs. Dr. J. W. Hopkins, at Duke Centre, McKean county, on a charge of sending through the mails indecent and immoral circulars, and articles to be used for shameful purposes. The woman, who is said to have been in business for some months, operated under the name of Mrs. Merton. She was entrapped by answering a letter sent by Comstock from Pittsburgh as a decoy. A quantity of circulars and advertised articles were captured. She was examined before United States Commissioner Berry, plead guilty, and was held for trial in $2,000.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., July 28.—Degraff, a little village ten miles west of here, was the scene of a sensational shooting affray this afternoon. About one month ago H. W. Aker, a man of low degree, attempted to elope with Louie Valley Degrace Shoemaker, the little 14 year old daughter of John Shoemaker, a most estimable man. He was discovered, and since then the father and brother have guarded their house with arms. This afternoon Henry Thomas, a friend of Aker, attempted to deliver the child a note, when he was met by Newton Shoemaker, who emptied the contents of a shotgun in to his head and face. Thomas is still alive.

LONDON, July 28.—It is believed that Turkey has made her reply to the Powers, but the character of the reply is not yet known. The Sultan, however, is obstinate. The magnificent naval demonstration to be made by the Powers in Turkish waters is Turkish waters is viewed with distrust in Turkey. The command of the fleet will probably be shared by English and French admirals. The projected visit of Gambetta and Grevy to Cherbourg is likely to be postponed until the conduct of Admiral Ribourt of the National Fete day can be investigated. He refused to show bunting on his fleet on that day, although the foreign vessels at Cherbourg did display their flags. Full advices have been received from Peru as to the threatening aspect of affairs there on June 30th. Lima was to be bombarded and consigned to pillage when captured. The inhabitants are fleeing to Tarma for refuge. The Chilian transport Mazonas has been blown up by a torpedo. In Russia there is an exposure of the horrors of a public prison.

The Irish Compensation bill is to be fought hard in the House of the Lords. A volcano has broken out at Gautemala.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 28.—A further hearing was had at Greensburg yesterday in the case of the showmen charged with outraging the person of Salome Burkett, the little country girl. The girl was present, having almost entirely recovered both in mind and body from the horrible brutality to which she was subjected. In the main her testimony did not differ materially from that already elicited from her. She states that twelve men had violated her person at Shanksville and five in the woods at Genner's cross roads, where they had dragged her. She was also outraged in the ticket wagon. The following persons, in their order, were then picked out from among the prisoners by the girl as having violated her person, and passing around among them in company with District Attorney Kline: H. G. Melville, M. I. Morton, James Parsons, alias "Never Sweat;" Jeff Baker, Dick Burton, Scott Ferguson, William Wilson, Jeff Partor, John Maynard, Philip Boyer, Frank Pennington and James Harrington. On cross-examination her story was about the same as in the chief examination. She was certain that all these persons whom she picked out had violated her person. As the prisoners were going through the ordeal of recognition some seemed indifferent; in the faces of others tears could be seen coming down their cheeks. The father of the girl next related his experience in searching in vain for his daughter for five days, during which time she was in the hands of the brutes. Several showmen testified corroborating the testimony of the girl. All were then discharged except the twelve named identified by the girl.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Dr. Tanner did not seem as bright and so much refreshed as would naturally be expected after a day of rest. His sleep Sunday night was not regular. He lay quietly on his cot and was supposed to be asleep, but two or three times he surprised his watchers by irritably requesting them to cease talking, or asking to have his cot moved nearer the door. After taking a long draught of water from his favorite spring he suddenly threw it up. When he reached the hall he slept some time, and then began a series of wanderings from one room to another. All through the forenoon he was extremely restless and irritable. At 2 p. m. his pulse was 74, his temperature 98 2-5 and his respiration 16. The dynamometer gave a pressure of 89 kilogrammes with the right hand and 79 with the left. The tracings of the sphrygmograph were weak and irregular. After these observations were taken he rose and walked out into the hall. It was noticeable that he staggered a little. The Doctor looked as if he was suffering intense pain. He took a drive at 6 o'clock and returned at 8, walking slowly up the stairs, when he sat down in the large hall, and refused to talk to any one. At 9 p.m. he went to bed, and asked for water, but before it was brought he was asleep and at 10 o'clock was sleeping soundly. A doctor said, "I think he is breaking down." The faster will probably move from the upper to the lower hall. His increasing feebleness manifests itself in a determination to go up and down stairs.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Subsisting on water, diminishing in height, increasing in weight, and feeling better than he had felt for a week. Such was the condition of Dr. Tanner, the fasting man, yesterday. When he had been weighed, and it had been found that he was heavier by a quarter of a pound than he was the day before, the physicians and spectators looked at each other as if they thought that this thing needed an explanation. The physicians had calculated that the faster would lose flesh at the rate of about one pound a day. Instead of doing as he was expected to do, Dr. Tanner showed yesterday that he had only lost two pounds in the last two weeks. Thus yesterday he weighed 130 pounds, which is only two pounds less than he weighed on the 14th of July. Some of the physicians present explained that these curious facts about the faster's weight were owing to his free or moderate use of water. That Dr. Tanner was in better health than he was a week ago everybody could see by the appearance of his face as well as by his actions. He felt still more confident than ever in his ability to accomplish his task of fasting for forty days, and said if anybody desired it for scientific purposes he could give a few days extra. He also said that he thought the fast would do him a great deal of good. "It will be like a new birth of life," he said.

All the man's senses seem now to have become intensified. He seems to be able to detect the odor of tobacco smoke from a distance almost as far as any other person could see it. His sense of hearing is very acute, and his vision is perfect. The jokes he cracks and his quickness at repartee show that his mental powers are peculiarly bright and active.

NEW YORK, July 30.—It was a terrible struggle that went on yesterday at Clarendon Hall. After 10 o'clock on Wednesday night Dr. Tanner could hardly have had an hour without severe pain. His stomach has risen in mutiny and broken out in open rebellion. He suffers from thirst, but he finds that croton, well, spring and two or three kinds of mineral waters are alike rejected by his long suffering and much-abused stomach. But more than this, every fit of sickness weakens the faster materially. His system is exhausted by the long strain and his vitality reduced to such a low ebb that every fresh attack brings him dangerously near the point from which he cannot recover. It is pitiful to see the old man's effort to reassure his watchers, and prove that he has ample strength left. 'I am all right,' he said; 'I was troubled with nausea and vomiting on my former fast. This does not amount to anything. I am going through all right,' and a look of iron determination was on his face. 'Don't say that I am failing,' he begged a moment later; 'don't publish anything about my having collapsed. I've got an old father who is watching this fast every day and reading every word that is written about it. It will kill him if he thinks I am dying.' To-day was the most exciting day that has yet passed. The physicians who have been confident of Tanner's success wavered and lost faith when they saw his condition. The advisability of supplying him with nourishment was openly discussed, but the Doctor protested and declared his ability to accomplish the task.

Miscellaneous.

FARMERS

AND PATENT DEALERS

Look to your interest and buy the

KEYSTONE

Tire Tightener,

A new and useful invention, patented November 18, 1879, which obviates all the difficulties and expense heretofore connected in keeping your wagon, buggy, horse rake, and seed drill wheels in repair.

First. By using this machine you can tighten your wheels without the aid of a blacksmith, as it is simply a device to attach to the spokes to adjust the felloe back to the tire, where it originally belonged; then insert a leather washer on the tenon of the spoke between the spoke and the felloe, which keeps the felloe up tight against the tire.

Second. By this method you can tighten the tire without removing the wheel from the wagon, or the tire from the wheel.

Third. By using this machine you will not dish the wheel, burn and split the felloe, or overheat the tire, as is too often the case when done by the old method, as you have the wheel under perfect control to make it just as tight as you want it, not running the risk of more shrinkage than was allowed, and thus ruin the wheel.

Fourth. With this machine you can remove a broken spoke and spring in a new one without injury to the wheel.

Fifth. A wheel tightened by this method will last twice as long as one tightened by the old method.

Sixth. You can save half the price of the machine on one job alone, allowing nothing for the time and trouble of taking the wagon to the shop.

QUESTIONS

Occasionally asked by persons not fully understanding the merits of the machine:

Question. Does this machine work hard?
Answer. No; a boy from twelve to fifteen years of age can work it as readily as a grown person.
Question. How does this method of tightening tires affect the hub of the wheel?
Answer. It tightens the spokes in the hub, as the machine is fastened to the hub and has the same downward pressure as it has to raise, thus should a spoke be loose in the hub it forces it back to its place and tightens it.
Question. If the wheel be felloe-bound, how do you tighten it without sawing a piece out of the felloe, as it is done by the old method?
Answer. Simply by adjusting the felloe back to its original place, then put the washer under it and keep it there.
Question. Will not a wheel tightened by this method soon give way and become loose?
Answer. No; as it is evident that wood upon wood will not last as long as wood on leather, by placing a leather washer on the tenon of the spoke, it avoids friction and bruising of the wood, thus proving all for the machine that we claim for it.

AGENTS WANTED

In every township in the county. Good men can do well. Every machine warranted to give satisfaction. For further information and terms for territory call on or address

J. B. KINSLEY,

Singer Sewing Machine Office,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

23-1m

Dr. Jones' Cream Camphor,

IS the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

N. B.—The Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1879. 20-1y

Eagleville Items.

EAGLEVILLE, July 28.

Eagleville is itself again, after the unpleasantness of the 3d and 4th. The 4th was celebrated on the 5th with wonderful energy among the Modocs. Nothing, however, very singular occurred. True, a little effort was made to imitate that little affair of David and Goliah. Our facetious friend, Miles Linn, declares such a thing never entered his head before. Doctor Tibbins says it was a compound fracture. Boaz has skipped out for parts unknown. In fact, many of the brave boys who trod the war path with such marvellous daring have mysteriously disappeared or been laid up for repairs, even "Gib" seems strangely taciturn.

A boy some 16 years old had his hand badly lacerated by a circular saw, at Fowler's mill, last Friday.

A couple of our citizens gave us a very interesting performance at the corner on a spiritous trapeze last Saturday night.

Mr. Thomas Ferry, on Friday night, being a little too full to properly contain himself by way of variety threw himself through a show case in Singer & Quigley's store, for which very amusing feat he is now boarding at Fort Shaffer, on the hill in Bellefonte.

Yesterday Mr. Samuel Spangler was rambling over Bald Eagle mountain and discovered a human skeleton among the rocks. Nothing could be found but the bleached bones. He brought the skull, which is broken in above the left temple, to town. The break is about the size of the blunt end of a tack hammer. This may give evidence of foul play, or it may not. The doctors pronounce it the skull of a female; popular opinion, however, differs. Some four years ago William Prince, a man of unsound mind, wandered from his home and every effort was made to find him, but in vain; the papers of the county all advertised the wanderer; nothing was ever heard of him; the last seen of him was in the vicinity of the Howard Iron Works, about two miles from where the skeleton was discovered, and the opinion is that it is that of Prince

The pulpits were all filled by the pastors on last Sunday. Rev. Hawthorne delivered a brilliant address before the Temperance Union last week.

Miss Z. A. Bunn is holding meetings in the Baptist church in the interest of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society. She is an able advocate of the cause.

Picnic next Saturday in Herring's woods, near the depot, by the Baptist and Disciple congregations. Speakers, Ridge and Blair. LATROBE.

Alumni Reunion.

The Annual Reunion of the Alumni and Students of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, resident in Central Pennsylvania, was held in Humes Hall, this place, on Wednesday 28 inst. There were about thirty-five members present. Although the attendance was not as large as expected the meeting proved to be a very interesting one. The forenoon session was occupied with the regular business connected with the association. The afternoon session was taken up with an essay by Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, followed by an interesting discussion of the relation of the literary and oratorial training of the college to the cirriculum. The general expression appeared to be that both were necessary for the thorough cultivation and development of a useful, practical life; that a solid foundation must be laid for the superstructure.

The address of Dr. Valantine, President of Pennsylvania College, in the evening, was one of the most scholarly efforts to which we have listened for a long time. His subject was "The Church and College." An efficient and complete education is the result of the harmonious development of all the faculties of the mind and the training of the affection toward an exalted and noble manhood. For the accomplishment of this purpose the Church and College must work together. One branch of education cannot be neglected without an injury to the other.

All those present at the evening session express their appreciation of the address and recognize in Dr. Valentine an accomplished scholar and gentleman. Pennsylvania College is to be congratulated in having such an excellent man at its head.

After the literary exercises of the evening were concluded, the members of the association repaired to Mr. Sand's restaurant, where a sumptuous repast was prepared for them. When they had all regaled themselves with the luxuries provided, the following toasts were proposed and responses given: "When I was a boy at College," Rev. Henry Baker; "Co-Education," Dr. Keady, Principal of Hagerstown Female Seminary; "Location of Penna College," Rev. J. M. Reimsnyder; "Our Ministers," Rev. J. K. Miller; "Endowment of Alma Mater," Dr. Valentine; "Sister Institutions," Professor Turner; "What fun we had at College," Rev. J. F. Waupole; "Bellefonte," A. Hoy.

College jokes were related, old associations revived, congratulations exchanged as the hours, like the supper, glided happily away. Twelve o'clock arrived before they were aware of its approach and the happy assemblage separated with the most pleasant recollections of the meeting.

Caught by an Alligator in the Conemaugh.

A farmer's son, named Pennel Sharpe, who lives with his parents near Cresson, was seized by an animal, supposed to be an alligator, while bathing in a branch of the Conemaugh, near that place, and so severely bitten that his leg had to be amputated. An Altoona paper gives the following particulars of the strange occurrence: At Cresson the railroad crosses a small stream, a branch of the Conemaugh. In places it has deep holes which are very good bathing places. At the time of the accident young Sharp and several companions who had been out shooting woodcock had gone into bathe. As Sharp was swimming by himself some distance from the bank his companions suddenly heard him give an agonizing scream and disappear in the water. They saw that he had been caught by some black animal which had one of his legs in its mouth where it was held firmly by a row of cruel white teeth. The animal carried the young man under the water, but reappeared again shortly afterward with Sharp in his jaws. He cried to his companions to shoot, but before a gun could be discharged he was pulled under the water again. About two minutes after he rose with the big black beast still clinging to his leg and struck out for the opposite shore. Again he called upon his companions to shoot, but being afraid of hitting Sharp no one discharged his gun. At last he reached the bank and began climbing up its slippery side, when guided by a sudden impulse the animal gave a sudden jerk which tore a great piece from the calf of Sharp's leg, and slid with its mouthful of human flesh back into deep water to reappear no more. The wounded man was carried home by his companions mose dead than alive. His leg was terribly lacerated; mortification soon set in, and amputation became necessary. The exciting question now is, What was the strange animal? Only part of its head was seen by the young men, and from the description they give it is supposed to have been an alligator.

What was in an Ash Heap.

The decomposed remains of a child were found buried in an ash heap in Altoona on Saturday by an old lady who was picking up wood. The remains were in a box, wrapped up in a cloth. Scarcely enough was left on which to hold an inquest. The body had the appearance of having been buried about a month. The child was very young at the time of its death. More notice was taken of the box, which was made of poplar boards, and when put together evidently had been made for the purpose for which it had been used It is thought that the child may have belonged to some family too poor to bear the expense of a funeral, and employed this method to get rid of it.

The Swiss Earthquake.

The earthquake of July 4th, in Switzerland, was more serious than the first reports indicated. At Berne it was felt by the watchman and his wife in the tower of the great Minster church, but was not perceived by the large congregation which was gathered on the floor of the church. In Andermatt, on the other hand, the shock was so violent that all the worshippers rushed out of the church; a few stones were detached from the solid, fortress-like building, and the gravestones in the churchyard were shaken with a visible palpitation. In Lozerne two distinct shocks were felt. Some of the writers say that a most disagreeable feeling of dizziness seized them. In Basel "a wave-formed movement" was felt beneath the feet. An occurrence, which may be particularly or wholly attributed to the rude shakings which Switzerland has recently undergone, is reported from Quarten, in the Canton of St. Gall. A short time ago the people of the neighborhood noticed signs of uneasiness about the Schnebelberg. The summit of the mountain appeared to be in a precarious position, and it was feared that it might slip down and overwhelm the Schnebelwald, an extensive wood in the valley below. In anticipation of the possible catastrophe great efforts were made to cut down and carry away as much as possible, though the men engaged in the work wrought at the peril of their lives. On the "earthquake Sunday," when fortunately there was nobody in the wood, a deafening report, like the firing of heavy artillery, resounded through the valley, and the mountain was hidden from view by a thick cloud of dust. When it dispersed the Schnebelberg was seen to be shorter by a few metres, and the beautiful wood in the Murgthal had disappeared beneath a large avalanche of stone and earth.

New Advertisements.

PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
THE OLDEST BEST & MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE.
A MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF.

A SURE CURE for all the diseases for which it is recommended, and always *perfectly safe* in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

Is recommended by Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Work-Shops, and Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals—in short by *everybody everywhere* who has ever given it a trial.

IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

PAIN KILLER should have a place in every factory, machine-shop, and mill, on every farm and plantation, and in every household, ready for immediate use not only for accidents, cuts, bruises, sores, etc., but in case of sudden sickness of any kind.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of all who want a **sure** and **safe medicine** which can be **freely used internally or externally** without fear of harm and with **certainty** of relief.

Its price brings it within the reach of all; and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills. For sale by all druggists at **25c. 50c.** and **$1.00** per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.
Established in 1848. ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR"
Threshing Machinery and Portable and Traction Engines.

THE STANDARD of excellence *throughout the Grain-Raising World.*
MATCHLESS for Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, Perfect Cleaning, *Rapid and Thorough Work.*
INCOMPARABLE in *Quality* of Material, *Perfection* of Parts, *Thorough* Workmanship, *Elegant* Finish, and *Beauty* of Model.
MARVELOUS for *vastly superior* work in *all kinds* of Grain, and *universally* known as the **only successful** Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Clover, and all other Seeds.

Astonishingly Durable and *wonderfully simple*, using less than half the usual gears and belts.
PORTABLE, TRACTION, and STRAW-BURNING STEAM-ENGINES, with special features of Power, Durability, Safety, Economy, and Beauty entirely unknown in other makes. Steam-Power Outfits and Steam-Power Separators a specialty. Four sizes of Separators, from six to twelve horse power; also two styles Improved Mounted Horse Powers.
Thirty-Two Years of Prosperous and Continuous Business by this house, without change of name, location, or management, furnishes a strong guarantee for superior goods and honorable dealing.

CAUTION! The wonderful success and popularity of our Vibrator Machinery has driven other machines to the wall; hence various makers are now attempting to build and palm off inferior and mongrel imitations of our famous goods.

BE NOT DECEIVED

by such experimental and worthless machinery. If you buy at all, get the "Original" and the "Genuine" from us.

☞ For full particulars call on our dealers, or write to us for Illustrated Circulars, which we mail free. Address NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Mich.

COOPER & CONARD,

DRY GOODS

PHILADELPHIA.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

In order to properly display the immense stock of goods we will have the pleasure to exhibit the coming Autumn, we have secured an additional store adjoining the three occupied by us, making four large buildings, which will be thrown into one Great Dry Goods Mart.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Before making the needed alterations in this enlargement, we will sell a large portion of our present stock by making such reductions in prices from time to time as will make it the interest of every buyer to personally see the inducements we are offering, or write us for what you may want,—Our Mail Department promptly and carefully attending to all communications addressed to us.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Many Special Bargains will be shown in every department, in addition to the full regular stock always shown by our house. We have Black and Colored Silks, Satins in Blacks and Colors, Velvets, Brocades, and many elegant materials now so much used in combining and trimming.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

In Dress Goods are the Plain and Figured Materials made by the French and English, also all the desirable American fabrics, the prices of which run from 6c. to $1.25, most of which have been marked away down. In Silks, too, we have some rare bargains.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

☞ In Linens, Cottons, and General House-Furnishing Dry Goods, including Table Linens, Towels, Sheetings, Quilts, Shirtings, etc., the assortment is very full and complete.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Gloves, Hosiery, and Small Wares receive their full share of attention, the stock being one of the most active in our stores. Ready-Made Underwear is a specialty, and is growing constantly. The second floors are devoted to the sale of Suits, Wrappers, Dusters, Jackets, Wraps, etc., for ladies. Also Girls' and Infants' Clothing, Boys' Clothing, etc.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

COOPER & CONARD,
Cor. NINTH and MARKET Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF WILLIAM LEVY, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of William Levy, deceased, late of Milesburg borough, having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

MRS. SARAH LEVY,
Milesburg, June 28, 1880. 26-6t Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of HARRIET KLINGER, late of College township, Centre county, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. WILLIAM THOMPSON,
25-6t* Administrator.

Van Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

FOR the cure of Cutaneous Diseases of all descriptions it is without a rival. Having long been in the market and thoroughly tested by the medical faculty and the public, it is needless to enter into details upon its virtues. Price 25 cents a cake, or 3 cakes for 60 cents. For sale by druggists and country storekeepers. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, Third and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia. 20-1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned for the estate of JAMES SOMMERVILLE, Sr., deceased, late of Snow Shoe, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for payment. JAMES S. SOMMERVILLE,
Administrator.
Bellefonte, June 10, 1880.—2-6

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN S. SOMMERVILLE, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. JAMES L. SOMMERVILLE,
27-6t Administrator.

J. H. MORRISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Haying Time is Near at Hand

And we are prepared to sell the FARMERS not only anything they want in the line of

HARDWARE,

But ESPECIALLY,

Grass and Grain SCYTHES,

THE LEADER

Self Dump Horse Hay Rake,

THE NEW AND IMPROVED

TURKEY WING GRAIN CRADLE

THE DOUBLE HARPOON HORSE HAY FORK,

HAY ROPE AND TACKLE BLOCKS,
PITCHFORKS, HAND RAKES

And everything needed in the Haying and Harvest seasons.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Book Store.

THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Books,
Fancy Goods,
Photograph Albums,
Stationery
Pocketbooks,
Gold Pens,
Wall Paper,
Umbrellas,
Window Shadows and Fixtures,
Toilet Sets
Fancy Chinaware
Japanese Goods,
Toys, Toys,
Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY TOWNSHIP IN THE COUNTY.

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS
11-6

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-1f

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

☞ H. C. WEAVER'S

Cuban Cigar Store,

(Under First National Bank,)

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS,

SNUFF AND PIPES,

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere.

He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

v12n11tf H. C. WEAVER.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Summer is on the home stretch.

—House carpenters are in demand in Tyrone.

—The best kind of money, after all—har-mony.

—Handsome, stylish canes at the Philadelphia branch.

—An extra coverlid is found not uncomfortable these nights.

—The backbone of summer, it is thought, is beginning to weaken.

—Fruit and confectionery, cigars and chewing tobaccos at Sechler's.

—Don't forget to attend the Garfield club meeting on Friday evening.

—The watermelon crop this season is large, and low prices may be looked for.

—The largest and purest stock of groceries in Centre county at Sechler & Co.'s.

—The livery stables have been doing a good business during the past four or five weeks.

—The "Onion Society" has disbanded, we hear, owing, we presume, to the high price of onions.

—Miss Addie, daughter of Rev. Dr. Franklin, of Philadelphia, is visiting Miss Bella Hoover, of this place.

—See advertisement of valuable farm in Franklin township, Huntingdon county, offered at private sale.

—Purchase your groceries of Sechler & Co. and enjoy good health. Their goods are all genuine and fresh.

—This is camp-meeting month, and the managers will please come forward and take charge of the weather.

—Strangers who are visiting Bellefonte should visit Point McCoy some pleasant evening and witness a beautiful sunset.

—One feature of the Day Kidney Pad is commendable, that nothing is claimed for it except what it will absolutely effect.

—Miss Barber, one of Williamsport's agreeable young ladies, is sojourning in our midst, the guest of Mrs. John Ardell.

—In the census returns of Pennsylvania, just published, M'Kean county shows the largest increase of any county in the State.

—The Tyrone and Lewisburg railroad will probably be completed from Tyrone to Pennsylvania Furnace by the 1st of September.

—One or two pugilistic encounters took place down the railroad a short distance from town on Saturday night. No arrests were made.

—Garfield and Arthur campaign clubs will be formed in Boalsburg, Potters Mills and at one or two other points during this week.

—It is said that the demand for new Pennsylvania wheat for export never was as active as it is now, the wheat being bought for seed.

—We don't advise young men to learn to smoke, but if they will do it they should buy their cigars of Harry Green, and get the very best.

—It is generally admitted that Tanner is making the fastest time on record.—[Ex. It looks as though it was going to be a dead heat, though.

—"Sam" Sanford, of minstrel fame, who has appeared before Bellefonte audiences many times in the past, is peddling patent medicines in Bedford.

—Several members of the Dental Society visited Nittany mountain and the Penn's Valley cave yesterday, and were very much pleased with the trip.

—A Garfield and Arthur campaign club will be organized at Unionville on next Friday evening. Good speakers and Mountain City Band will be in attendance.

—Now that the Water street board walk has been rebuilt, the next thing in order is to widen the depot bridge over the race. Bring on the lumber and let the work begin.

—A young men's Garfield and Arthur club will be formed in this place. This is a patriotic move on the part of the young men, and they should be aided and encouraged by the older ones.

—Farmers will find choice, clean clover, mammoth clover, timothy and other grass seeds at the store of Alexander & Co., the only place in Bellefonte where first class farm seeds are kept for sale.

—The Lebanon Car Manufacturing Company has been awarded a contract to build five hundred cars for the Texas and Missouri railroad. They are to be box cars thirty feet long, which is about four feet longer than usual.

THE DENTISTS.

Proceedings of the State Convention.

The Pennsylvania State Dental Association met in this place July 27th, at 10 o'clock a. m., with a large attendance, a great many prominent members of the profession being present. The meeting was opened by prayer by Rev. Mr. Furst.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved. After hearing reports of committees, payment of dues and signing of the constitution by new members, the association adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock p. m.

After calling the meeting to order, Dr. J. W. Rhone introduced A. O. Furst, Esq., who delivered an address of welcome, and was responded to by the president of the association. Then followed the annual address by the president, which was listened to with much interest.

At the conclusion of the address Dr. E. P. Kremer, of Lebanon, read an essay on "Dental Education," by Dr. D. D. Smith, M. D., of Philadelphia. Owing to indisposition the Doctor was not present. Considerable time was then taken up in a lively discussion of the subject, in which many of the members took part. A very interesting essay, "Importance of Preserving the Natural Teeth" was next read by Dr. W. B. Miller, of Altoona, which was followed by "Old and New in Dental Amalgam," by Dr. J. S. King, of Pittsburg. After the reading of the essay, "Permanent Separations, pro and con," by Dr. E. P. Kremer, of Lebanon, meeting adjourned to 7½ in the evening.

WEDNESDAY, July 28, 1880.

Met at 10:45 a. m.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

On motion of Dr. Klump, the courtesy of the floor was tendered Drs. Hosmer Wenner, Walker Angle, and all others in good standing in their several localities.

After the transaction of considerable business the following essay was read: "Preparation of Dental Tissue for Microscopical Examination," by Dr. Darby, of Philadelphia. This paper was illustrated by many beautiful microscopic specimens exhibited by the aid of a powerful microscope.

Resolutions of respect were directed to be drawn up on the death of Drs. Welchens, of Lancaster; Adams, of Bristol, and S. S. White, of Philadelphia.

Papers were read by Drs. Beck, of Wilkes-Barre, on "Cell Life"; Gearhart, of Lewisburg, on "Primal Cause of Dental Caries"; Adams, of Bristol, on "Machine Dentistry," and Longnecker of Philadelphia, on "Method of Operating upon Proximate Surfaces."

On motion, adjourned to meet at 7½ o'clock p. m.

EVENING SESSION.

Society convened at 7:30 o'clock p. m., and opened with a discussion on the subject of "Operative Dentistry," by Drs. Field, Beck, Bronsall, Field and Pierce.

Dr. Webb then read a paper on "Electro Magnetic Mallet Construction," adjustment and movements of its parts and management of the battery.

Remarks upon the subject were made by Drs. Klump, Field, Hirely and Bronsall.

The latter offered to exhibit to the Society the models of the first Electro Magnet produced by him.

An invitation from Gov. Curtin to visit his house and examine several fine paintings was accepted with thanks.

Adjourned to Thursday at 9 a. m.

THURSDAY MORNING, July 29.

Society met pursuant to adjournment.

Minutes read and approved.

After considerable business, the following paper was read: "Hydrobromic Ether as an Anæsthetic," by Dr F A Rienhart. Discussed by Drs Letch, Essig, Darby, Mease and Todd.

On motion, adjourned to 1½ p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Society met at 1½ p. m.

Election of officers being next in order the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Dr H Gearhart, of Lewisburg; 1st Vice President, Dr C B Ansart, Oil City; 2d Vice President, Dr G W Klump, Williamsport; Recording Secretary, Dr E P Kremer, Lebanon; Assistant Recording Secretary, Dr W B Miller, Altoona; Corresponding Secretary, Dr E B Long, Pittston; Treasurer, Dr J C Green, West Chester: Board Censors, J W Roan, Bellefonte; C J Essig, Philadelphia; G W Klump, Willinmspo.t; C S Beck, Wilkes-Barre; G W Adams, Bristol; Examining Board, W E Magill, Erie; J C Green, West Chester.

The choice of a place for the meeting of next year being in order, Chautauqua Lake was chosen.

Essays by Dr Funderberg, on "Æthetic Dental Prothesis," was next read, followed by one by Dr Depuy on "Comparative Merit of Gold as a Base for Artificial Dentures." These were discussed by a number of the doctors.

After the reading of the above essays and discussion of the same, the President elect was conducted to his seat and acknowledged the honor in a neat and fitting speech. After the President had appointed his committees for the year, the Society adjourned to meet at the place selected to hold their next annual meeting.

The members of the Association, we undertand, were well pleased with their visit to Bellefonte, and the work accomplished, and bear away with them many pleasant remembrances of the attention and treatment shown them by our citizens.

The Hancock Meeting at Milesburg.

The Hancock and English club of this place, together with about twenty-five or thirty other followers of the party who had been drummed up by the generous promise of "free ride and free beer," journeyed to Milesburg on Saturday evening to assist their Democratic brethren of Boggs township in organizing a Hancock and English club. That was one object of the meeting, the other was to "lay in the shade," to use their own words, the Republican demonstration of Thursday night last. From all accounts, however, the latter object was not accomplished. On the contrary, the meeting was sadly lacking in spirit and enthusiasm, the very best points made by the orators eliciting only a feeble response from the crowd.

On the arrival of the train in Milesburg the procession was formed and marched to a position below the Franklin House, where a platform had been erected, flags thrown to the breeze, and a transparency erected bearing the inscription, "Democratic Headquarters." After a few opening remarks by Chairman Spangler the meeting was organized by the election of Col. James F. Weaver, President; Vice Presidents, John Proudfoot, A. Murray, Perry Kreamer and Henry Hohn; Secretaries, C. L. Buffington, Jas. A. McClain and Frank E. Bible. The president took the chair, acknowledged the honor conferred upon him, and made a few general remarks, in which he promised to perform the duties of his position faithfully, and work with a will for the ticket. Chairman Spangler then came forward and told his Democratic hearers what great things were expected of them under the leadership of Hancock, and that there was no doubt about their being able to elect their man provided the party went into the campaign thoroughly organized. D. F. Fortney, Esq., was the next speaker. He stated in beginning that it was not his intention to do any mud throwing, but before he had talked five minutes his intentions were forgotten, and the mud flew in all directions. He devoted a half hour of his address in endeavoring to prove Gen. Garfield a free trader; said he was a member of the Cobden Club of London, and more interested in the great monied corporations of that country than he was in the prosperity and welfare of his own, or words to that effect. He devoted a few moments to the bloody shirt issue, and finished by giving a few extracts from Hancock's letter of acceptance as evidence of his great statesmanship. Speeches were also made by H. C. Heinle, Esq., and Mr. Jas. Schofield, who, after flopping back and forth from one party to another for several years, has finally tied up in the Democratic arena, although he stated, in the course of his contradictory remarks, that he was still with the Greenback cause, heart, soul and heels. He probably did not stop to consider how ludicrous it must seem to his hearers for him to be standing up there extolling the praises of Hancock and bidding for Greenback votes just after declaring that his heart prompted him to cry aloud for Weaver and Greenbackism. He said he was an independent man, and that no man dared charge that he had been influenced in joining the Democratic party by any other than "pure motives," which assertion induced several parties at the rear of the audience to let out one or two smothered guffaws, although it was very unbecoming in them and decidedly out of order.

Mr. Heinle was the last speaker of the evening, but as the audience was getting restless and decreasing in numbers he favored his hearers with but a few words. After a few instructions by the chairman to the officers of the club, urging them forward in the work, the meeting adjourned. The Bellefonte delegation then reformed and marched to the station, where the train was taken for home, arriving here about 10:45.

—The butchers, tailors, shoemakers, tinkers, barbers, constables, justices, police and boot blacks of Hazleton are having a terrible time picnicing this summer. From all accounts Hazleton is the greatest picnic country in America.

Meeting of Garfield and Arthur Club.

In pursuance to adjournment of the Garfield and Arthur Club at the last meeting, July 23, 1880, the club assembled at 7½ o'clock, Friday evening, in their club room, and was called to order by General James A. Beaver, who stated the object of the meeting, viz: To hear the report of the committee appointed at last meeting on organization and rules; also to transact any other business that might be brought before it.

A. J. Cook, chairman of said committee, read the report as follows:

The committee on permanent organization beg leave to report the following list of officers, viz:

President—Daniel Rhoads.

Vice Presidents—William S. Wolf, George Sims and Dr. G. M. Swartz.

Secretaries—Jas. H. Williams and Clement Dale.

Assistant Secretaries—J. C. Brachbill, C. P. Herves and H. C. Weaver.

Treasurer—Robert Valentine.

Janitor—John H. Wolf.

The committee recommends as the time for meeting every Friday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, in Bush's Hall.

For purpose of parade we recommend that the club be organized into a battalion of four or more companies of 60 men, or thereabouts, equipped with caps, capes and lamps, each company to select its own officers, viz: Captain and two lieutenants, the battalion to be under the command of a Chief Marshal, for which position we present the name of Col. D. S. Keller.

We recommend the enrollment of these companies in the following method: One to compose the veteran soldiery, another the colored members of the club, another the young men, and the other those more advanced in life.

We recommend that the silver-colored oilcloth cape and cap be adopted for all the companies.

Respectfully submitted,

A. J. COOK, S. C. HUNTER,
D. S. KELLER, G. G. SKINNER,
D. H. HASTINGS.

On motion of A. O. Furst the report was adopted, and to be spread upon the minutes of the club.

By motion, General James Beaver was unanimously elected president pro tem., on account of the necessary absence of Mr. Rhoads, the permanent chairman.

By motion of John T. Johnston, H. H. Benner was elected secretary pro tem, none of the permanent secretaries being present.

General Beaver, upon occupying the chair, made some spirited and encouraging remarks.

There was a call then made by the chairman for signers to the roll, when quite a number enrolled themselves as supporters and workers for Garfield and Arthur, during which time A. O. Furst made a short and very forcible speech.

On motion of John T. Johnston that the companies be divided as to age all over the age of 35 to be placed in the Old Men's Company, and all under that age to form the Young Men's Co. Motion amended by E. A. Smith that all under 40 years become members of the Young Men's Club. Motion carried as amended.

The motion of Mr. Furst that a committee of three be appointed from each company to organize said companies was carried, when the following named gentlemen were appointed to constitute the committees: John T Johnston, Harry Yerger and Joseph Wolf to organize company over 40 years old; George H Wolf, Charles F Cook and W I Fleming company under 40 years, and Mish Graham, Wm Mills and Charles Garner committee to form colored company.

The following standing committees were then appointed by the chair, viz: On transparencies, S H Williams, John Irwin and R A Laird; on music, E M Blanchard, S D Gray and Clement Dale; on speakers, J A Beaver, A O Furst and A A Dale.

On motion, Jas A Beaver was made chairman of the speakers' committee.

On motion of S H Williams, the persons to form the Veteran Company will meet in the oldb room next Tuesday evening. Motion carried.

On motion the names of Abram Jackson and S D Ray were added to the committee on music.

By motion adjourned, to meet next Friday evening at 7½ o'clock.

H. H. BENNER,
Secretary, pro tem.

The N. G. Camps.

The following order has been issued from headquarters:

Division Headquarters, National Guard of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, July 23, 1880—General Orders, No 3—I The Encampments ordered by G O, No 2, C S, Headquarters Divison, N G Pa, June 22, 1880, will be designated as follows: At Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, "Camp George G Meade;" at Thompson's Station, near Braddocks, "Camp Alexander Hays."

II The following staff appointments is hereby announced:

Samuel S Hartranft to be Aid-de Camp, with the rank of major. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly. By command of

Maj Gen JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
G H NORTH, Ass't Adjt Gen.

Another Wreck on the B. E. V.

Another disastrous accident occurred on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad yesterday morning about one mile west of Roland. The passenger train from Lock Haven, consisting of engine and two passenger coaches, due here at 6:46, was thrown from the track, the two coaches rolling down a ten-foot embankment into a meadow. The engine ran the length of the train on the ties but did not leave the road bed. The cause of the accident was a broken rail. Of the twenty-five passengers aboard, no one, fortunately, was killed nor seriously injured, although from the position of the wrecked cars it would seem that they had made a miraculous escape. The cars were overturned on their sides, and passengers occupying seats on the opposite side must have fallen a distance of six or eight feet, striking the sharp corners of the seats, which, under the most favorable circumstances, would not be a very safe tumble. Several passengers received slight but painful wounds, from which they will soon recover, unless the injuries of some should prove to be of an internal nature. Sheriff Barker, of Lock Haven, had a shoulder badly wrenched, and another gentleman, whose name we could not learn, had one of his hands seriously mutilated. Miss Kate Devling, daughter of Mr. Joseph Devling, of this place, was thrown violently against the side of the car, which resulted in the cutting of a slight gash in her forehead; happily she was otherwise uninjured. One or two others were badly shaken up and slightly bruised.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Henry L. Harvey, who lives close to the scene of the wreck, the passengers were removed to his house, where a good warm breakfast was furnished them, and kind attentions bestowed upon the injured ones. When our reporter arrived on the scene at 11 o'clock a. m., the work of laying new ties and rails was going rapidly on, and by noon everything was clear for the passage of the down train, and the slow and tedious process of raising the cars to the track fairly begun. In the performance of this part of the work many obstacles had to be overcome, owing to the awkward position of the cars, and not until ten hours of hard work had been consumed were the cars placed upon the rails for removal.

Snake Bite Cure.

G. S. Winner, of Fields Station, has written to the Williamsport *Banner* as follows:

"Hearing of people being bitten by snakes, and as this is the season for them, I wish to say for the good of the people that there is a sure cure, one that has been tried with success. It is an herb called Robins' plantian. Make a tea of the leaves and give the patient to drink, and it will give relief almost instantly. The first year's growth of the plant resembles the common plantian, but has a dark green color with notched leaves having a spicy taste. The second year it will grow from two to three feet high, having small white blossoms on it about the size of a golden button. It can be found in almost any meadow."

—In our advertising columns can be found an advertisement of two valuable farms, situate in College and Harris townships, which are offered at private sale and upon such terms as make it possible for a purchaser of moderate means to start in the farming business. Persons desiring information in regard to them can obtain it on application to Beaver & Gephart, Bellefonte, Pa.

—The new plank walk and railing on Water street, from High street bridge to the water works, is a well-built, substantial structure, and a decided improvement on the old one, which had become very unreliable. Those of our citizens who reside in that part of town, and have occasion to traverse the new walk in going to and from their business, will highly appreciate the change and be thankful for it.

—The editor of the Hollidaysburg *Register* announces to candidates that he wants them to distinctly understand that he expect them to pay for hoisting their names in his paper and salso for printing election tickets. That's business, brother Over. Stand up for your rights by adopting the motto, "No cash, no puffing," and then compel them to come down with the "sugar."

—Rev. J. Green Miles, formerly pastor of the Grace street Baptist church, Philadelphia, will preach in the Baptist church of this place on Sunday evening next at 7½ o'clock. The reverend gentleman has many warm acquaintances among the older citizens of Bellefonte, having spent his boyhood days in Milesburg, this county.

—Go to the Philadelphia branch for a nobby summer or fall hat.

—For a neat fitting suit, go to the Philadelphia branch.

A Three Card Monte Company.

The newspapers all over the State are giving their opinion of the management of the Lycoming Fire Insurance Company, and the majority of them read similar to the following from the Clearfield *Times*: "The Lycoming Insurance Company has finally had to succumb to the inevitable, as all companies run by an extravagant set of officers do—failed. The company has been doing business for half a century and has always been a favorite company with Clearfield county people, but the company has been insolvent for several years past, and policy-holders have been served somewhat similar to the man who bucks against the three card monte man—now you are insured, and now you ain't. The opinion of many is that the policy-holders will be bled to several assessments before the fraud winds up for good and for which, in law, there is no redress.

—The Postmaster General has issued an order intended to break up the existing practice of certain classes of merchants, manufacturers, inventors and agents who send through the mails printed advertising cards of various shapes and sizes with one cent postage stamps affixed. The Postoffice Department officials complain that this practice, which is a growing one, has of late become a serious annoyance and hindrance to the prompt distribution of mail matter, particularly on the railroad mail service. The order declares the postal card the only card matter that will for the purpose indicated be transmitted in the mails, whether it be printed or written upon, at a less rate than three cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof. The order takes effect October 1, 1880.

—Lady Elizabeth Campbell's marriage to Captain Edward H. Clough-Taylor was celebrated with much gayety in London. The Duke of Argyll gave his daughter away and six bridesmaids dressed in cream colored India muslin and laces followed her to the altar. The bridal dress was of duchesse satin trimmed with wonderful antique points de Flandres. The necklace she wore was the gift of the Duke of Westminster. Queen Victoria gave her a magnificent Indian shawl.

These gifts are all very beautiful, of course, but if the couple have any friends in America who desire to make them a present, we don't believe they can send them anything that will be more appreciated than a cargo of Sechler's gilt-edged groceries, which are acknowledged by everybody to be pure and fresh and health-giving.

—The bone and muscle producing malt, the nerve-quieting hop, the superb malarial antidote quinine, and other precious ingredients, combined without fermentation, are the ingredients of "Malt Bitters," prepared by the Malt Bitters Company. 30-3t

—A cat was lowered into the mines at Shenandoah the other day, in which the three men lost their lives from choke damp, to test the air. Pussy died in just five minutes, which shows how fatal the air is in mines under certain conditions.

SEED WHEAT.—Choice Mediterranean wheat from Indiana can be had by calling early at the mill of

30-2t DUNCAN, HALE & Co.

DIED.

HUNTER—At Stormstown, July 8th, 1880, Mary Belle, daughter of James N. and Susan Hunter, aged 26 years.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 3, 1880.

Those of our merchants whose custom it is to occupy a "cottage by the sea" have been there, and have returned refreshed for business.

GRAIN.—The deliveries of grain have been light during the past month. The new crop does not yield to the satisfaction of farmers, either in quantity or quality. The dealers and millers have found it necessary to make three grades, of which we make quotations. To this farmers take decided exceptions, which will make a conflict between buyer and seller until the crop shall have been disposed of.

HAY.—Hay is in fair supply. Prices range from $14 to $16 per ton.

Wheat old, per bushel	$ 95
" new, No. 1	95
" " " 2	75
" " " 3	60
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled	45
Oats new	40
Cloverseed	4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 40
Flour, wholesale	5 75@6 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$22 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	20 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	17 00
Short straw per ton	10 00@12 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 50
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	
Hams, sugar cured	16
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	10
Potatoes per bushel	60
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	